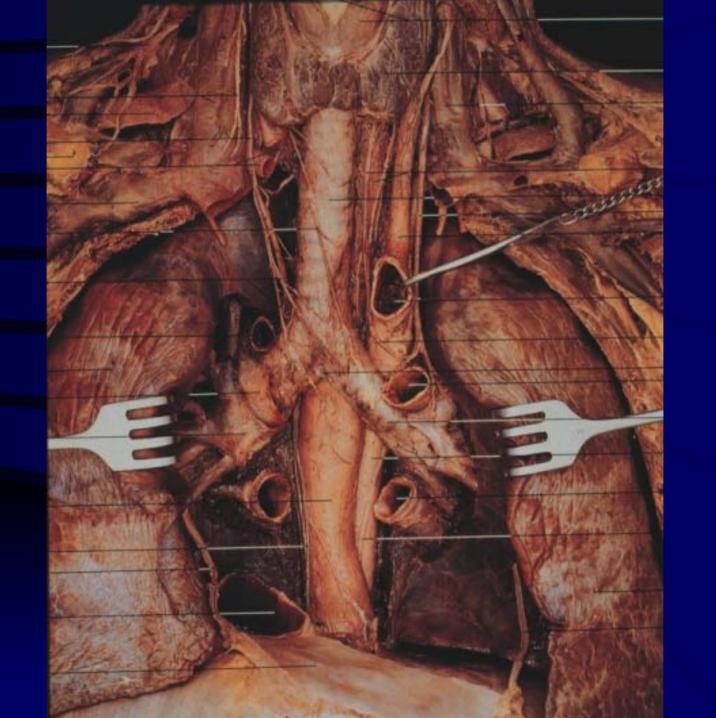
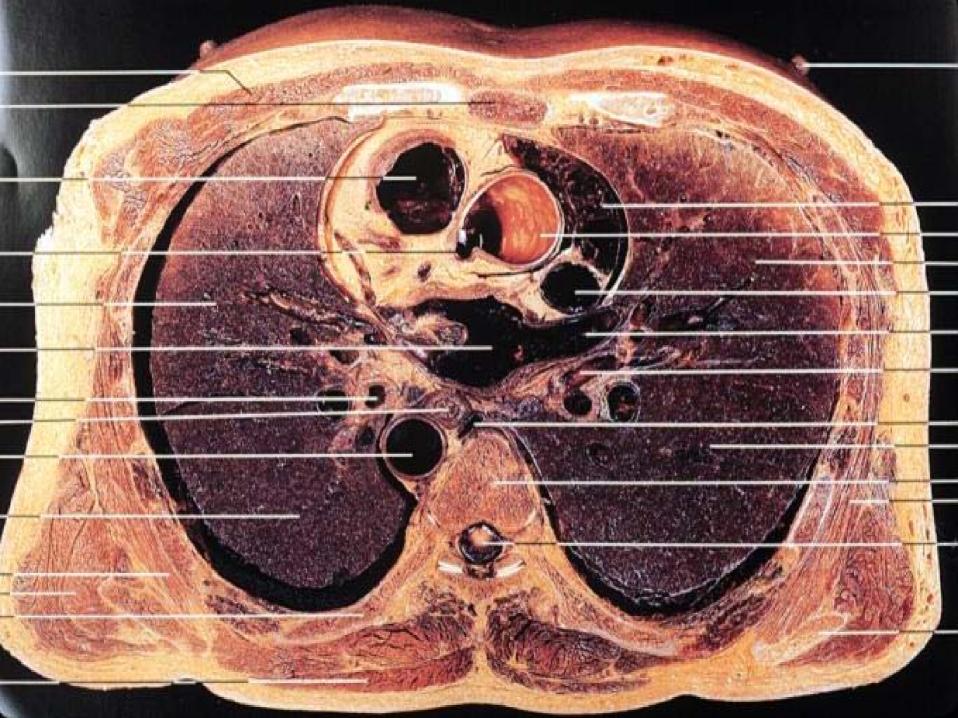
Anatomy of the Chest on Images

David S. Feigin, MD
COL, MC, USA
Professor of Radiology
USUHS





Images for Anatomy

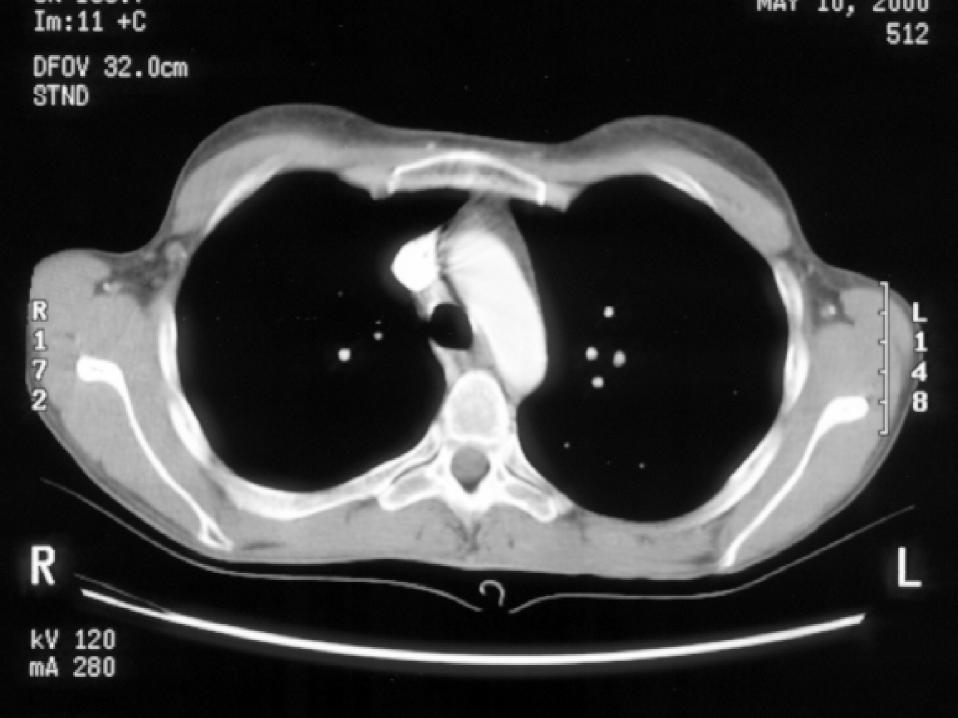
Air in lungs and airways
Blood in vessels

Correlation with clinical medicine



Plain Film Densities

- Air
- Soft tissues including fat and blood
 - Calcium
 - Contrast and metals



CT Densities

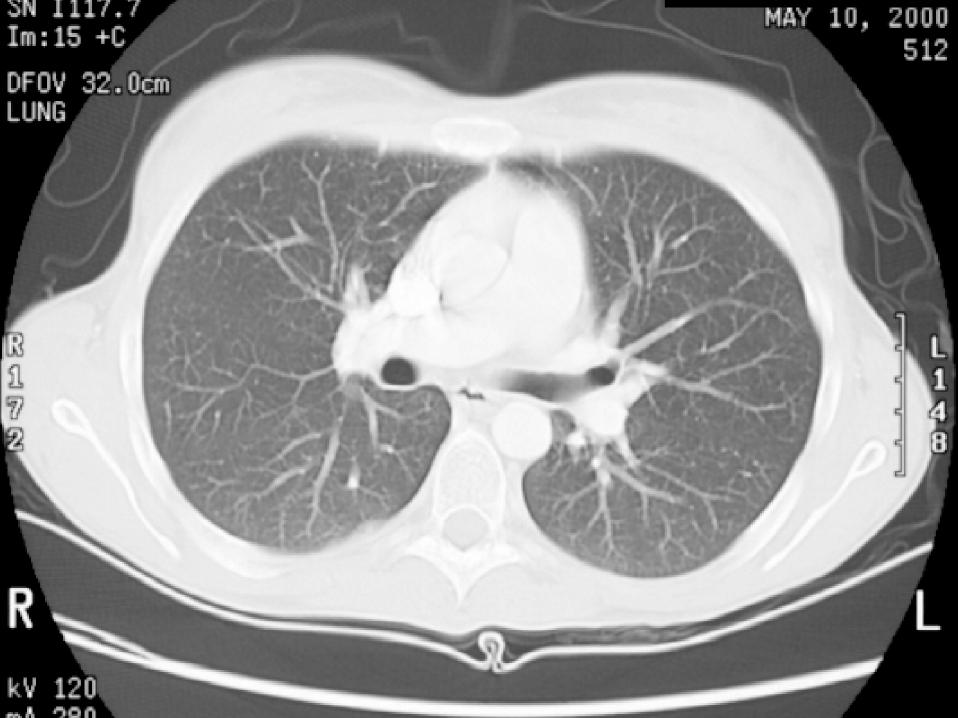
- Air
- Fat
- Clear fluids and transudates
 - Soft tissue including blood
 - Calcium
- Metal and Contrast material

Intravenous Contrast makes blood appear as metal

CT for Anatomy of the Chest

- Cross sections
 - eliminate overlap
- More densities
 - more structures visible

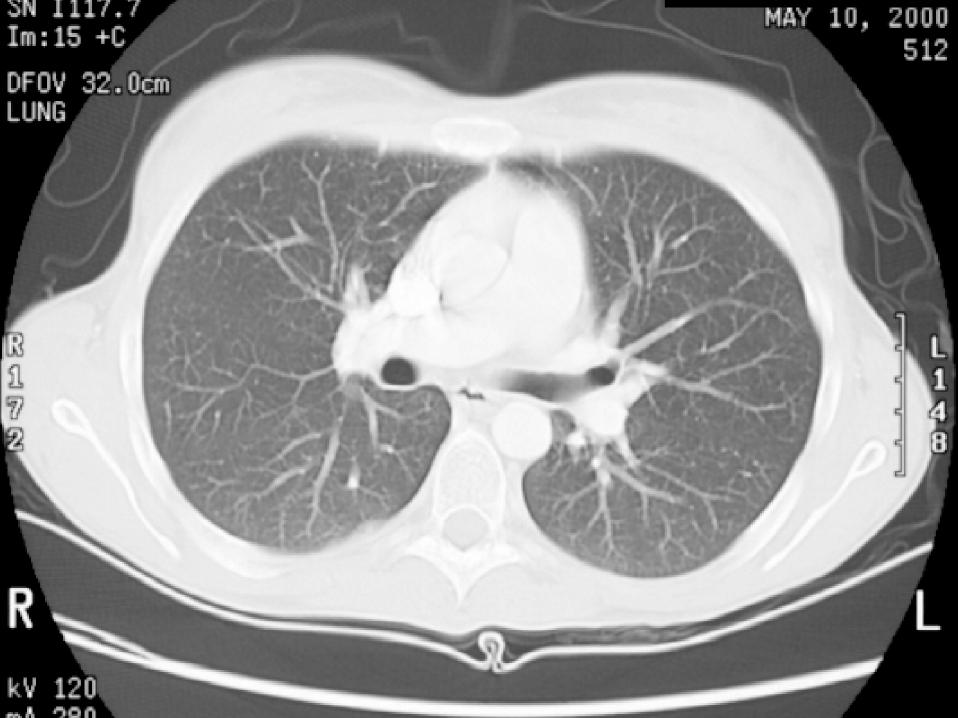




Lungs

- Vessels pulmonary arteries and veins
 - symmetric
 - branch, taper and diverge
- Fissures
 - visible as watersheds

(gaps between vessel groups)



Trachea and Main Bronchi

Carina - just below aortic arch Right bronchus

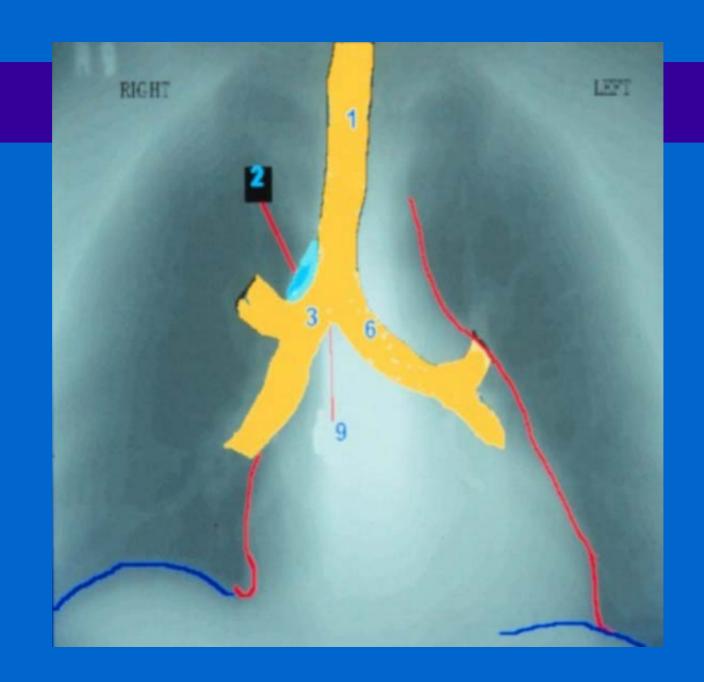
Devides in mediastinum

Upper lobe - highest bronchus

Intermedius to middle and lower lobes

Left bronchus

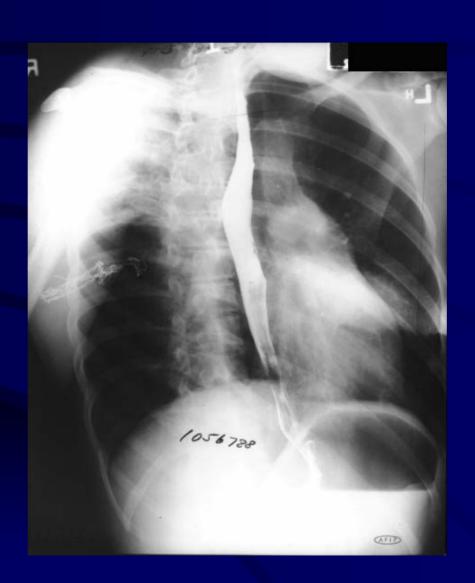
Devides in hilum





Esophagus

Posterior to trachea and heart

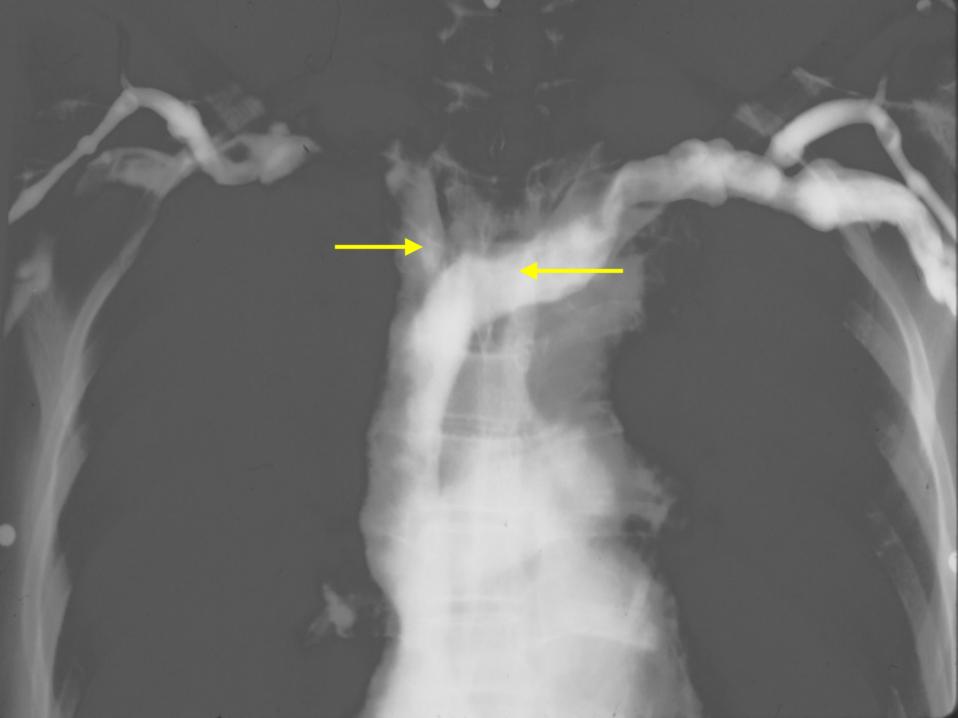


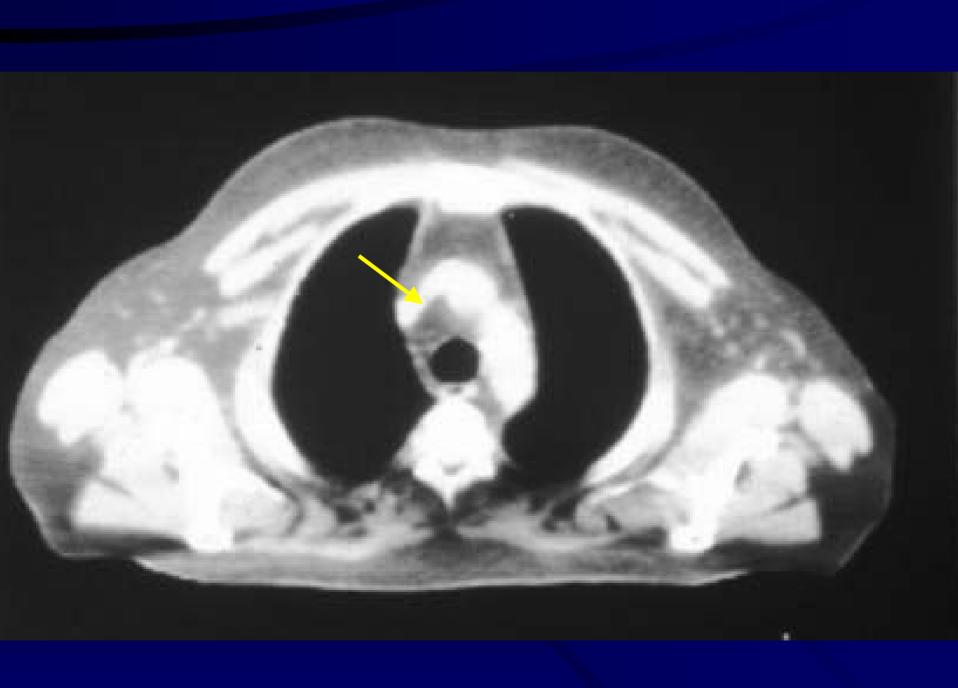
Pathway of Blood in the Chest

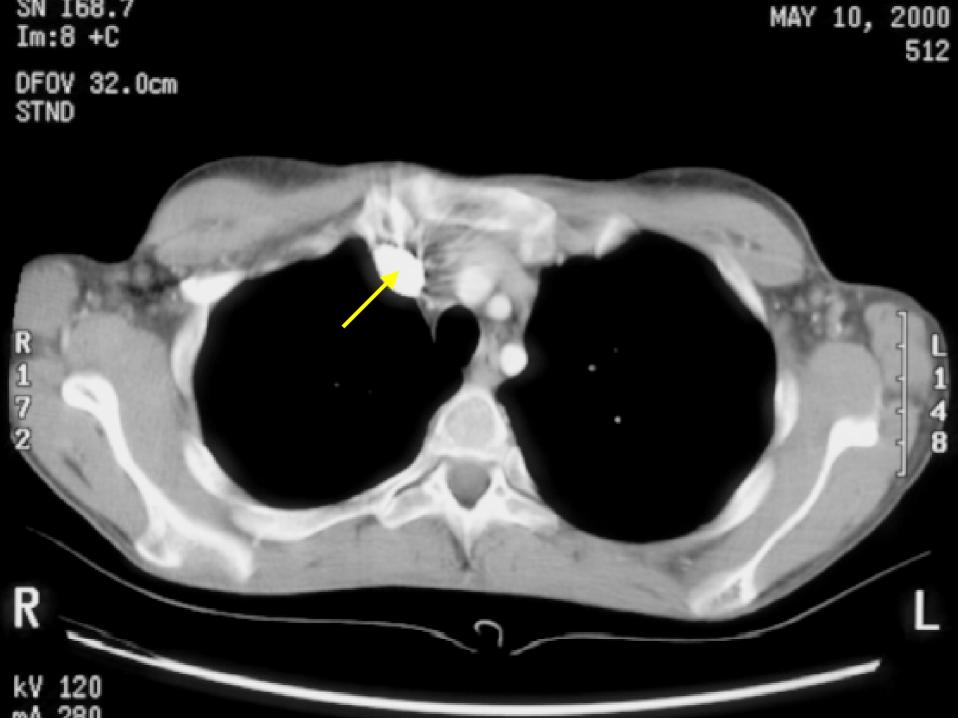
- Systemic veins
- Right heart
- Pulmonary arteries
- Pulmonary veins
- Left heart
- Aorta and systemic arteries

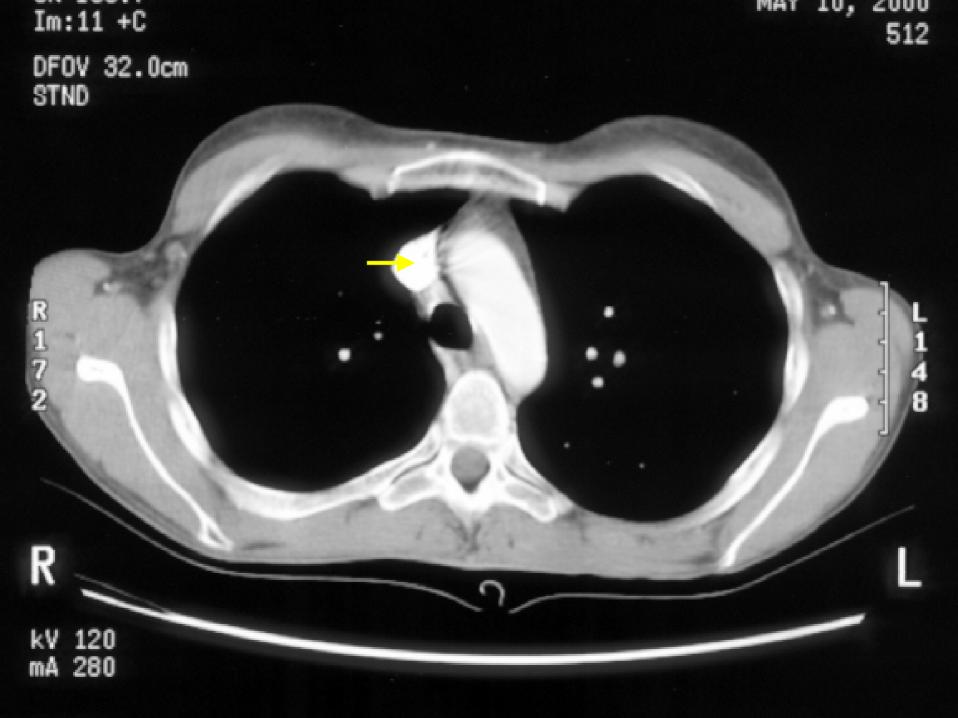
Systemic veins

Anterior to arteries and trachea
Right margin of mediastinum
SVC formed at level of aortic arch by brachiocephalic veins









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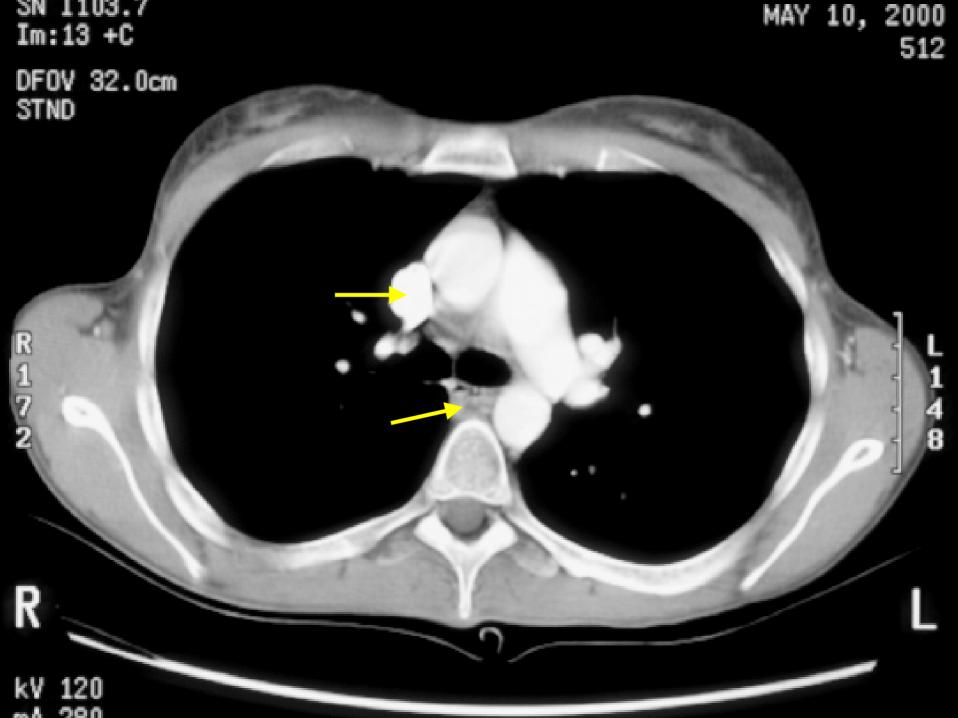
Azygous System

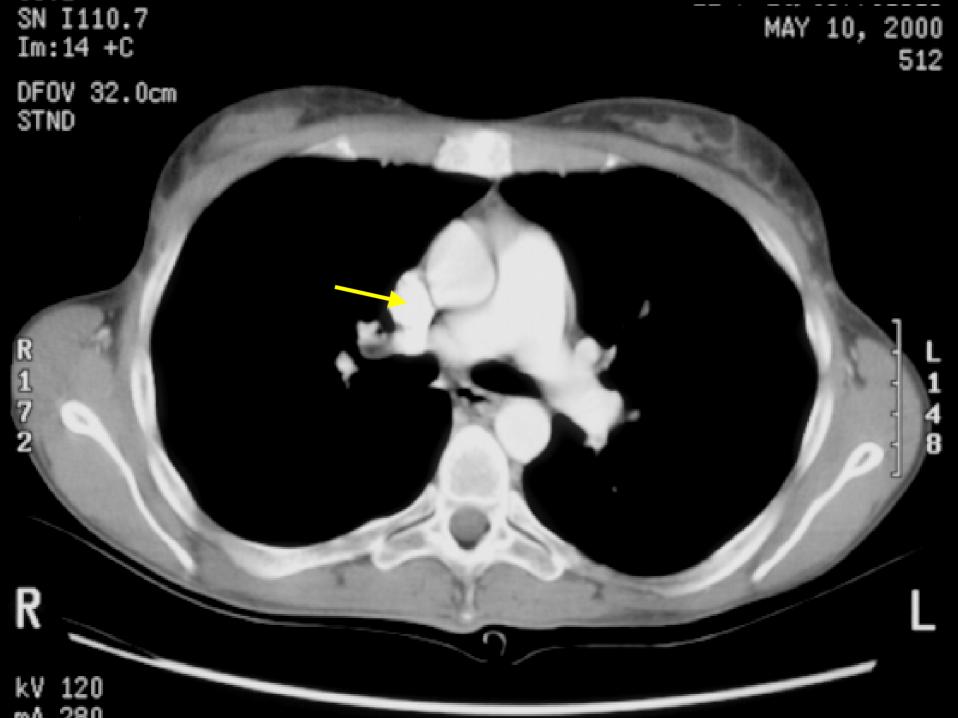
- Arch of azygous
 - enters posterior SVC
 - above right main bronchus
 - around right side of trachea
- Azygous vein
 - right and posterior to esophagus
 - anterior to spine
- Hemiazygous left

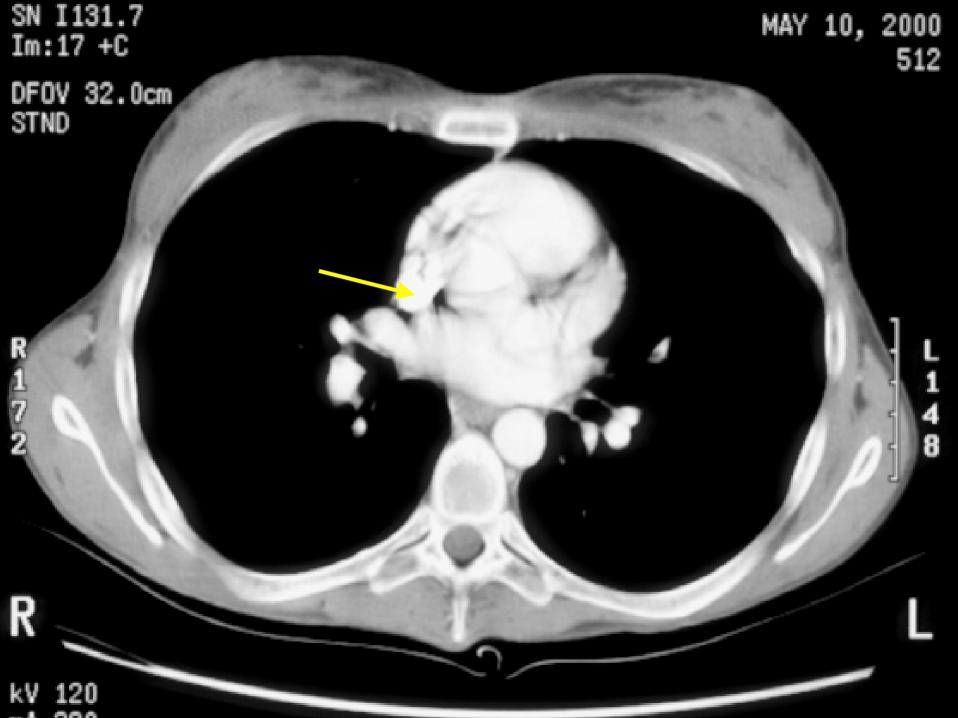
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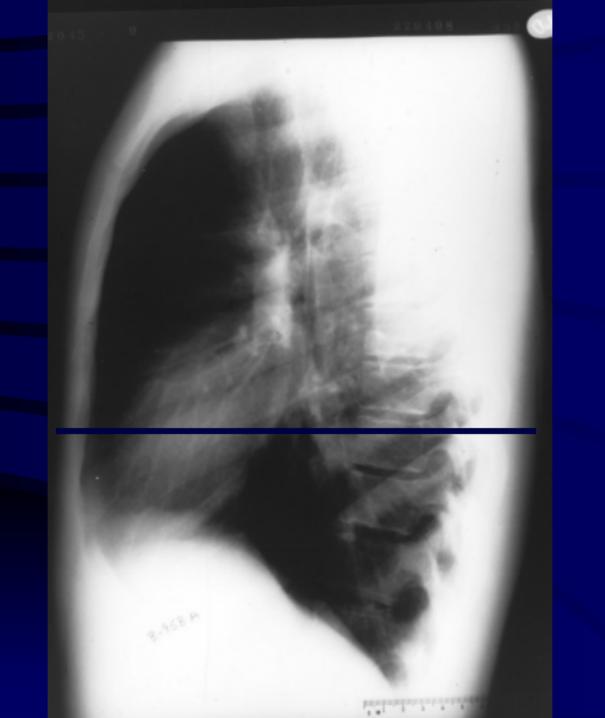
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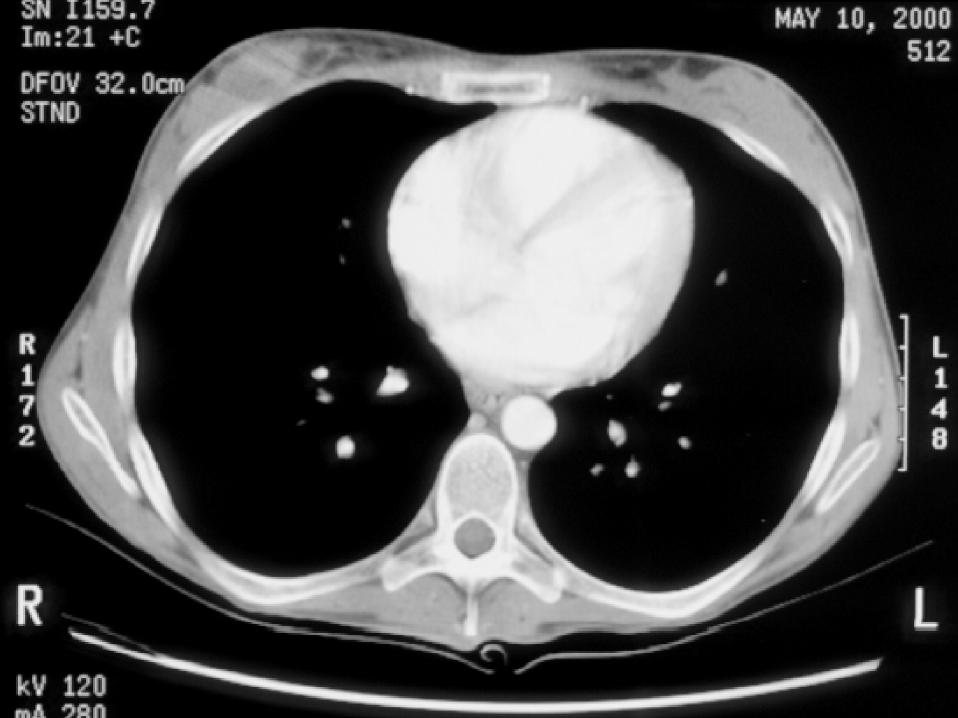


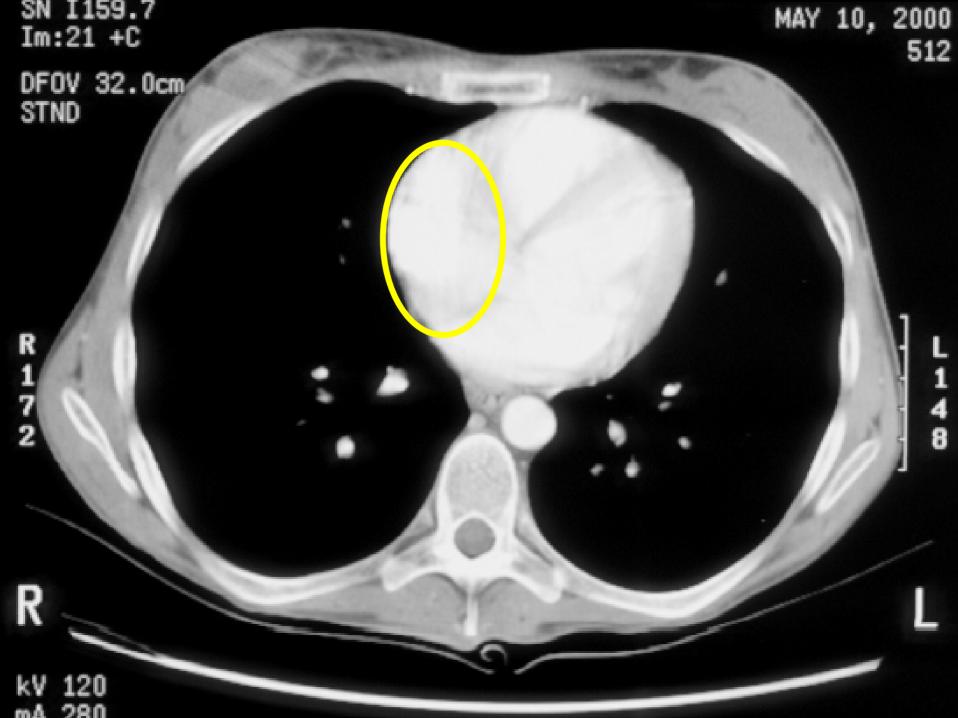


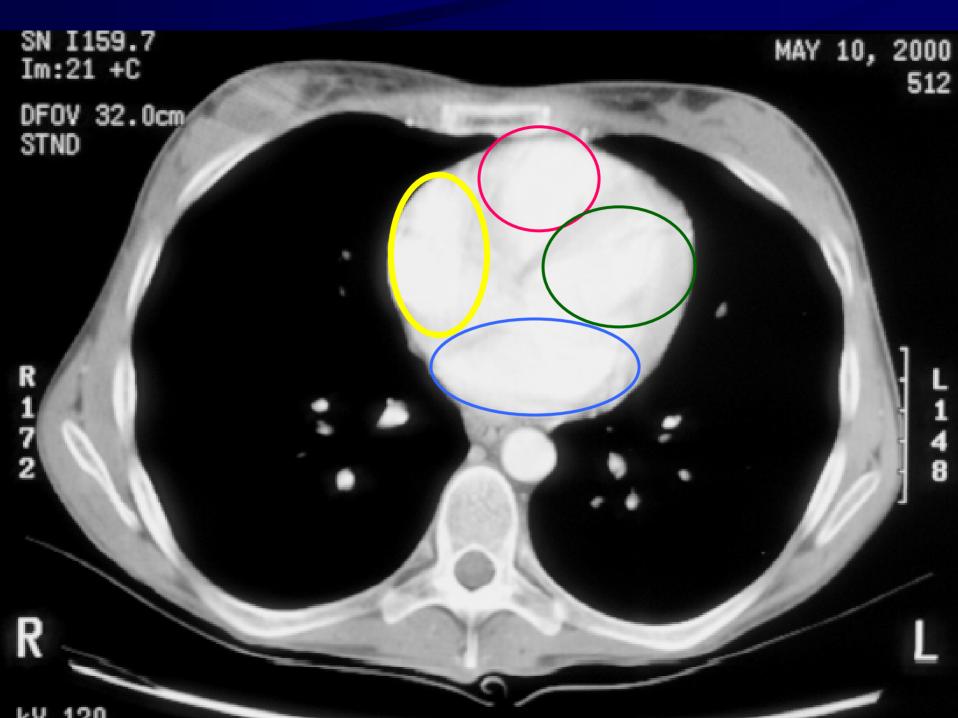


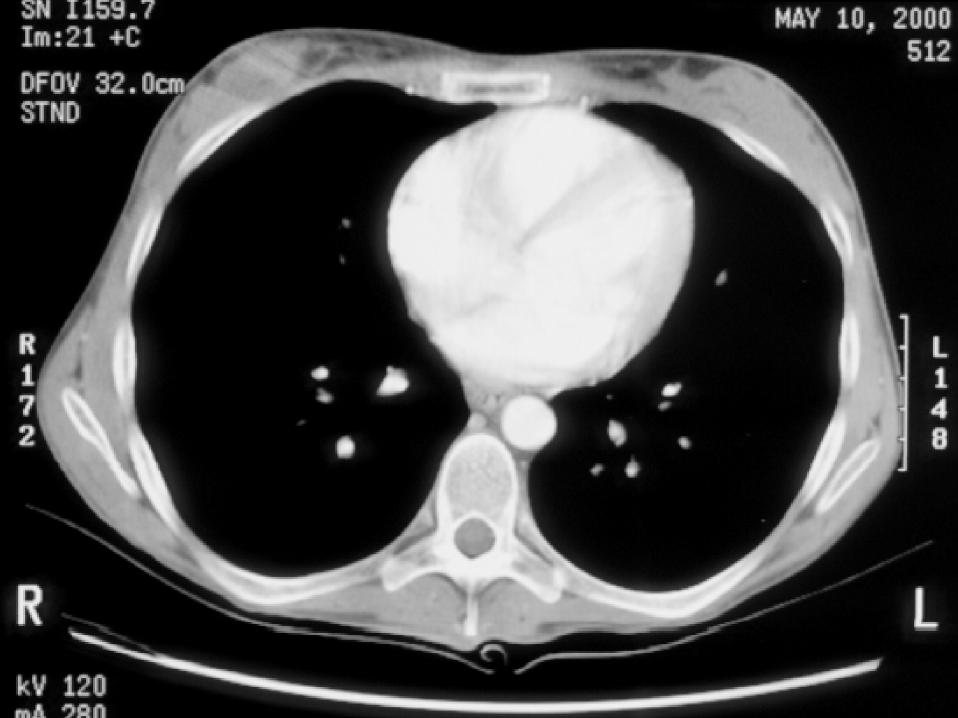
Right Atrium

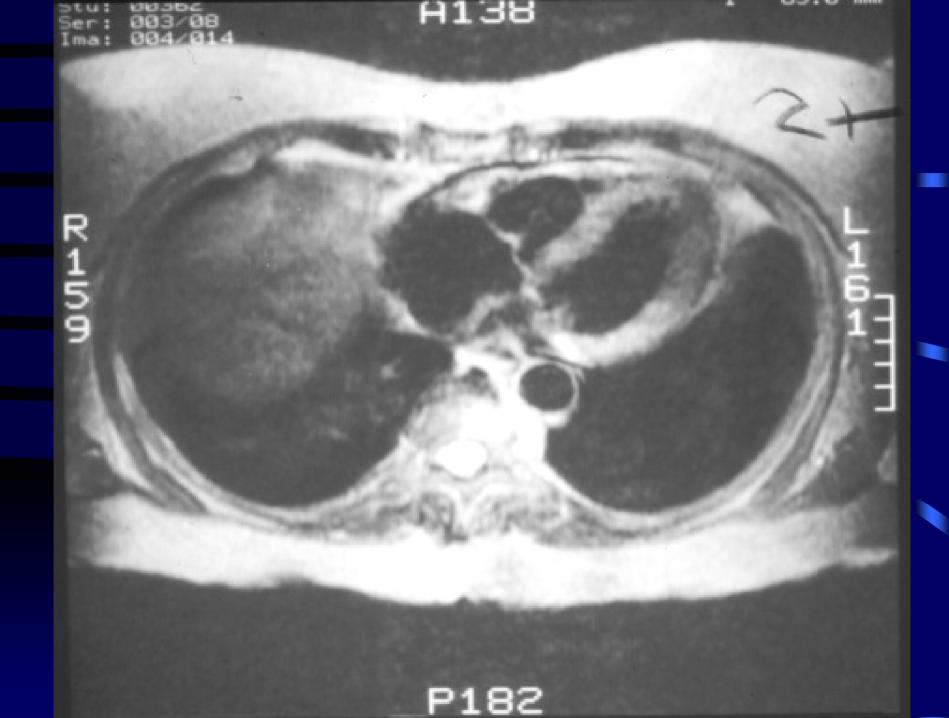
- Entire right heart border
- IVC enters inferior aspect
- SVC enters superior aspect





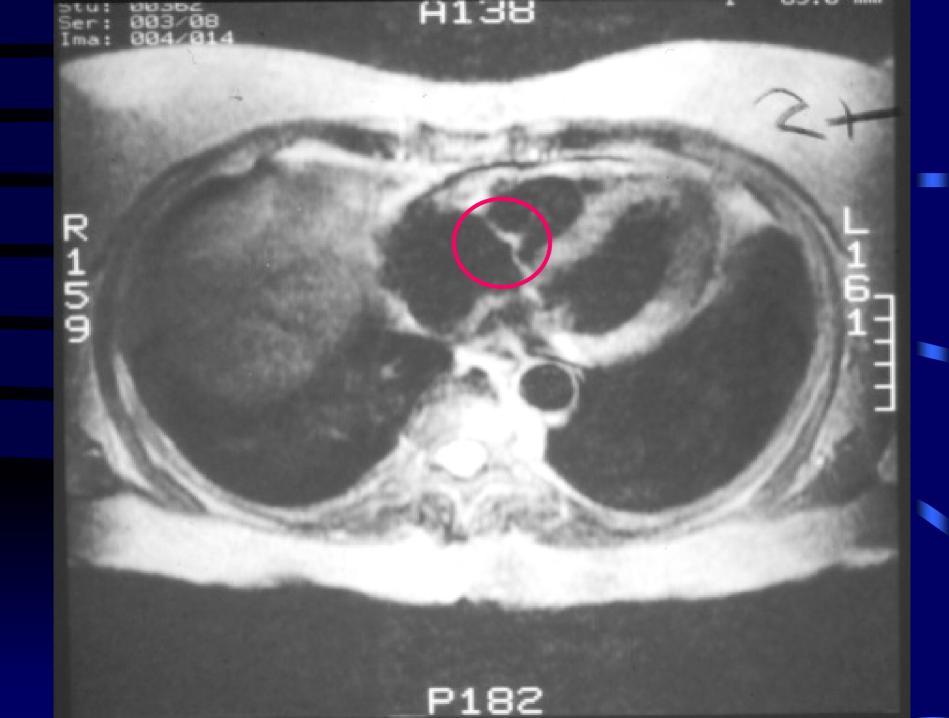






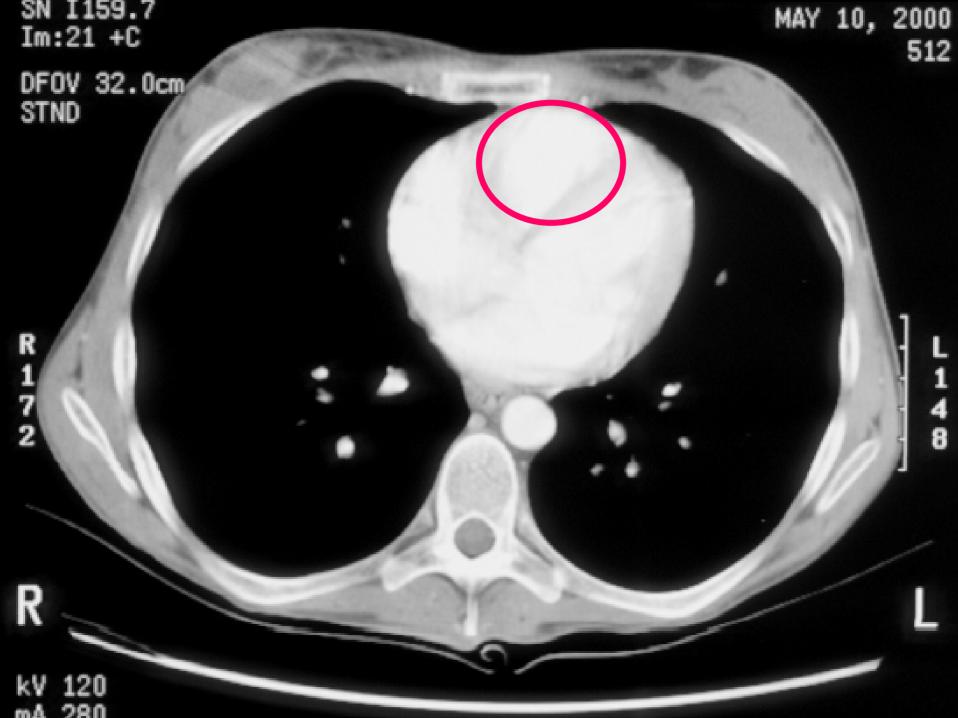
Valves

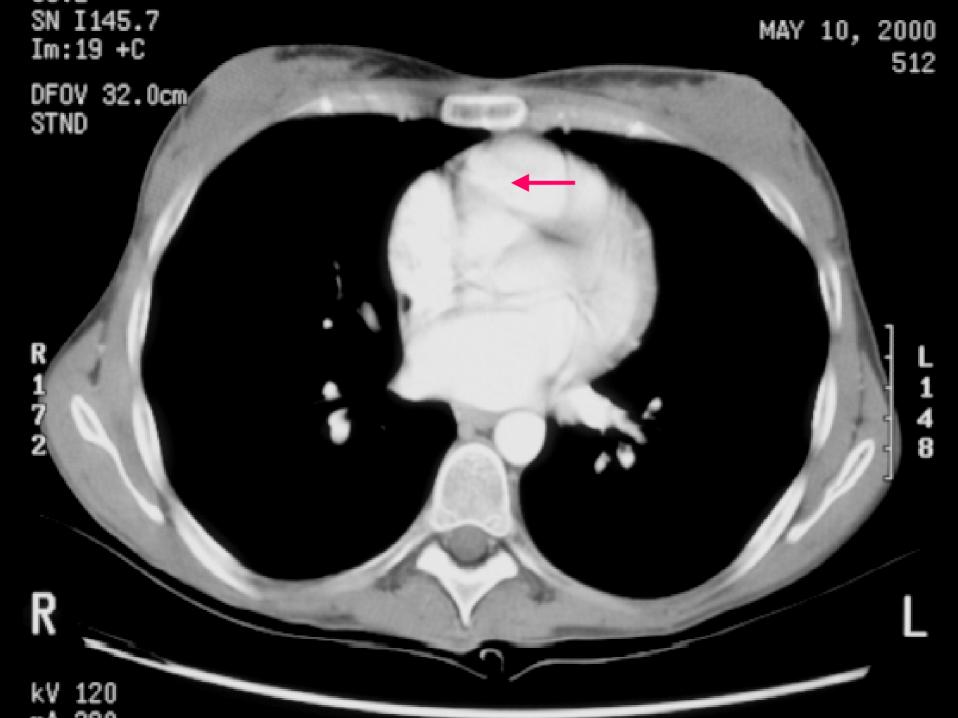
- Visible on MRI
 - no signal from moving blood
 - motion frozen



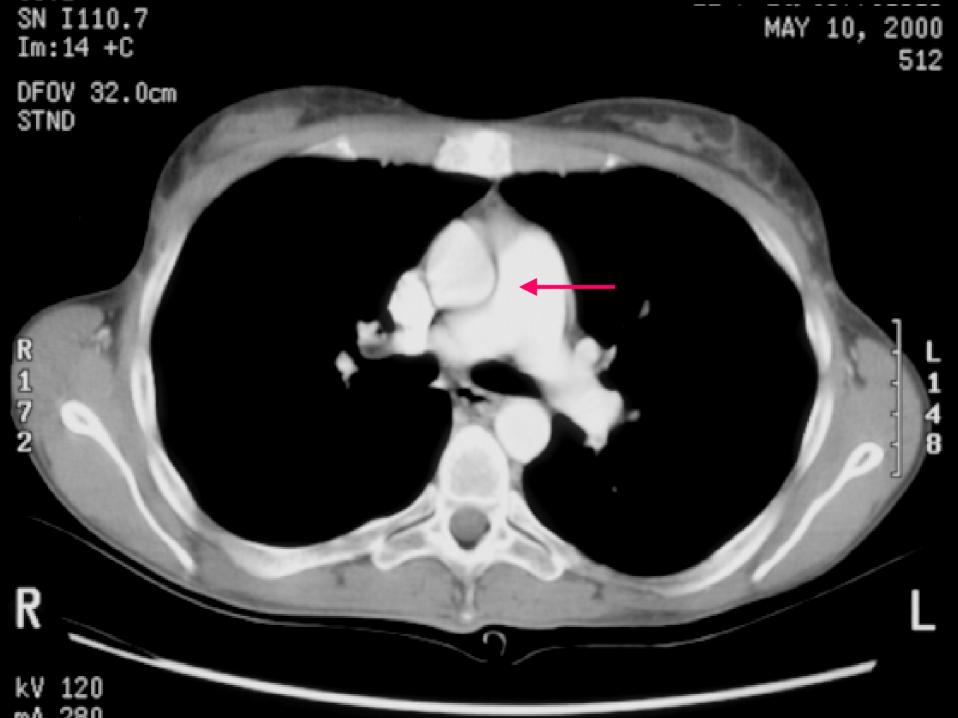
Right Ventricle

- Most anterior chamber
- Not bordered by lung in any direction
- Pulmonary trunk emerges from top and remains anterior



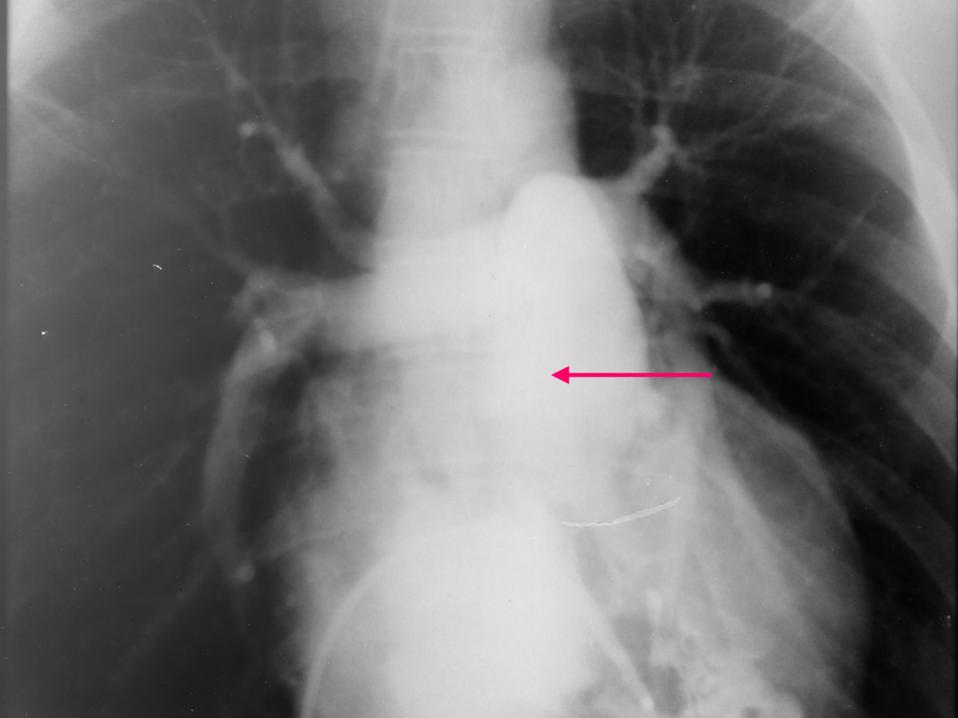


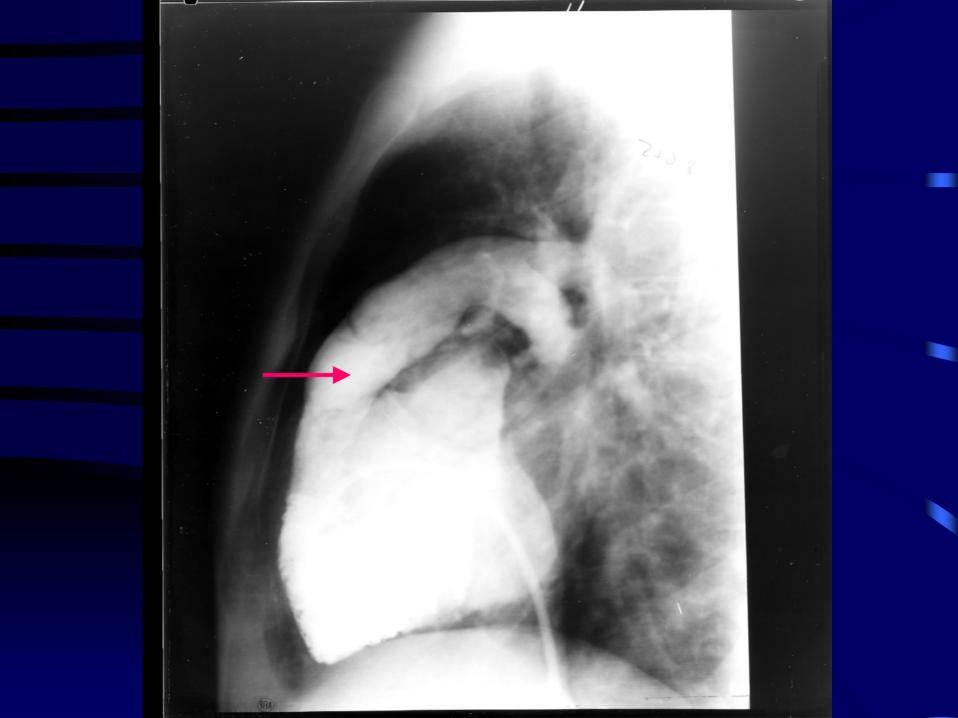


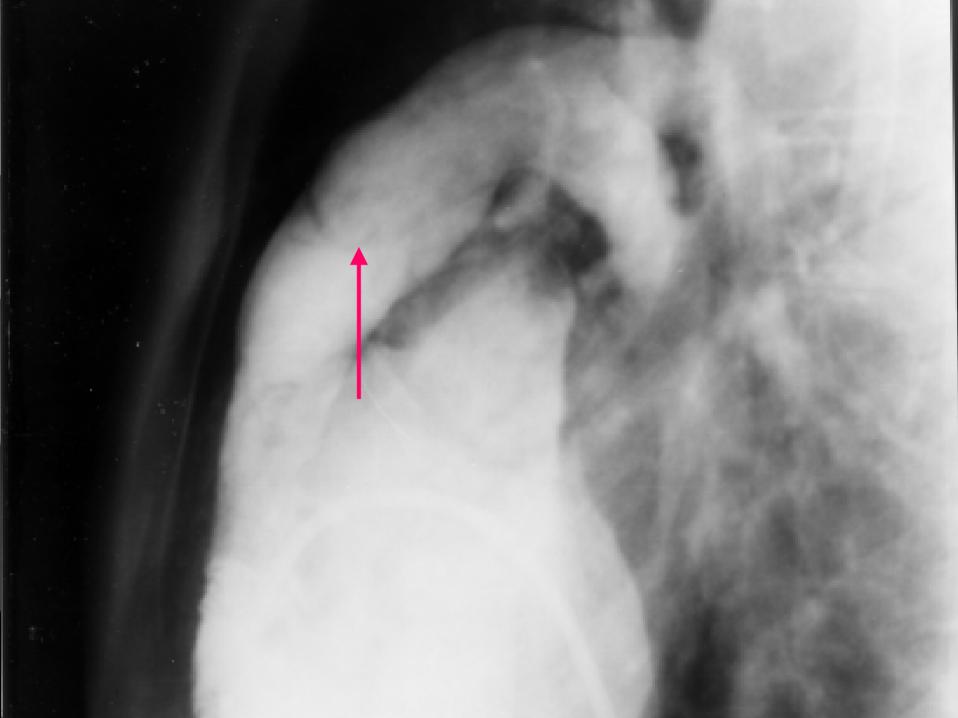


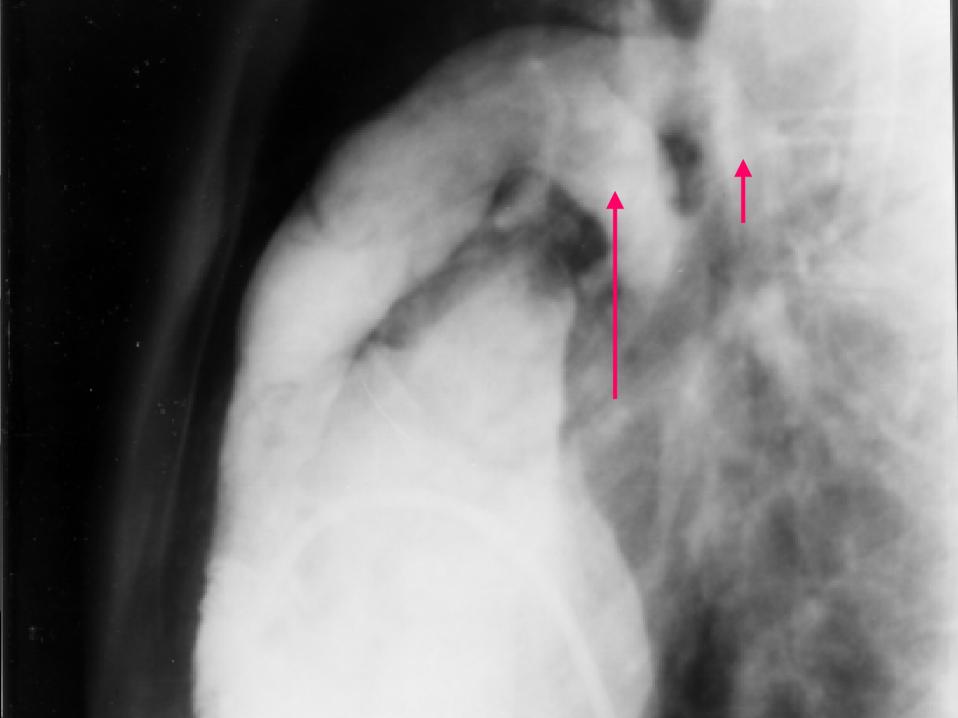
Pulmonary Arteries

- Main
 - origin ANTERIOR from RV
 - passes under aortic arch
- Left
 - passes OVER left main bronchus
 - highest branch of system
- Right
 - straight lateral from origin

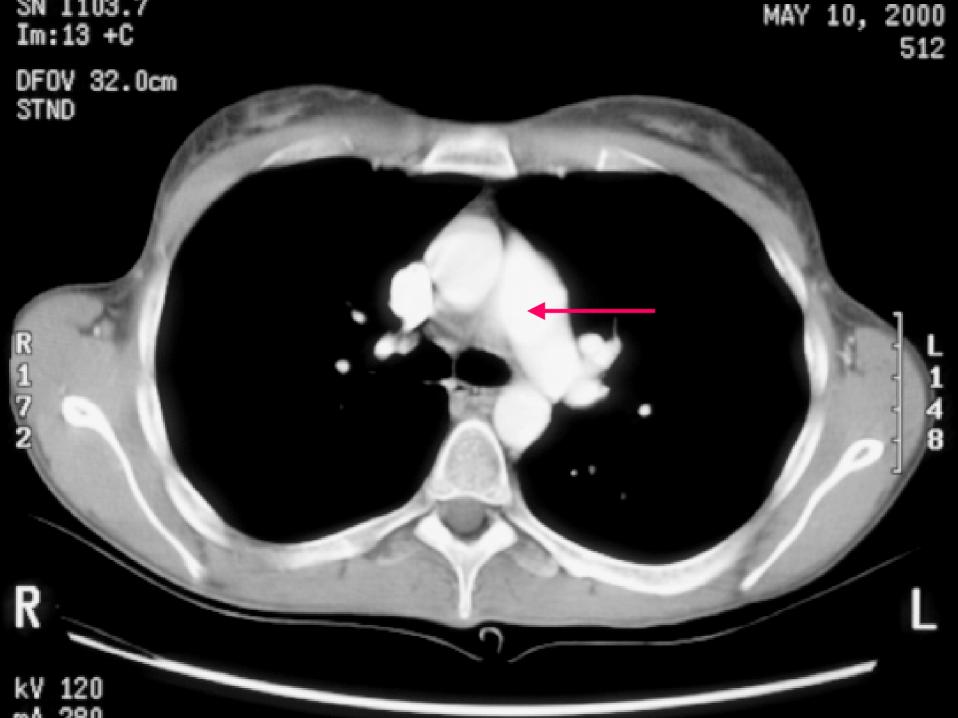


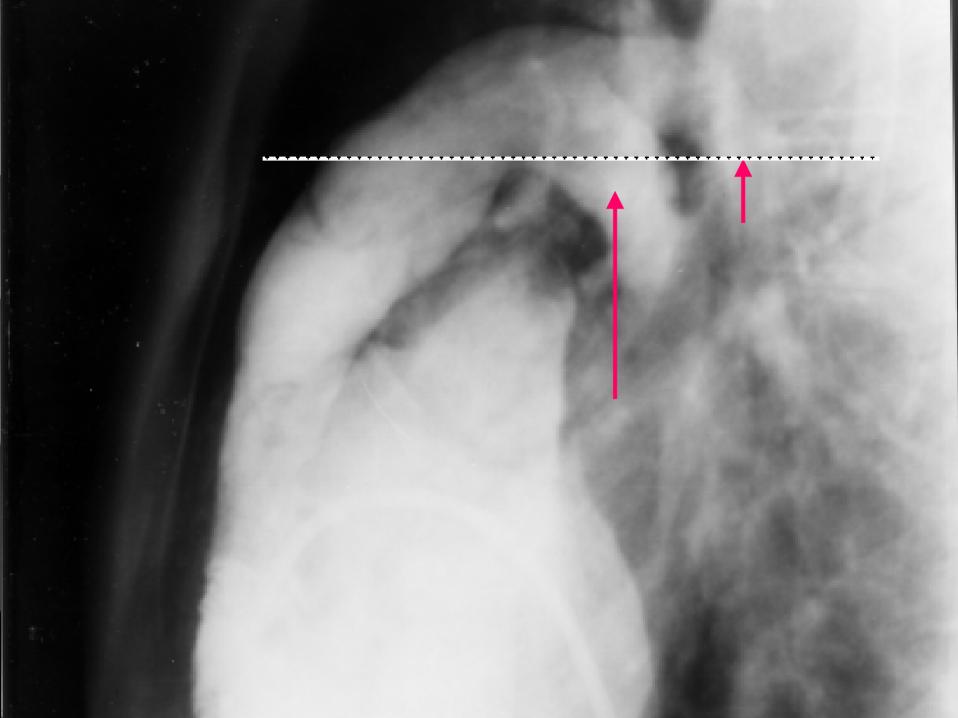


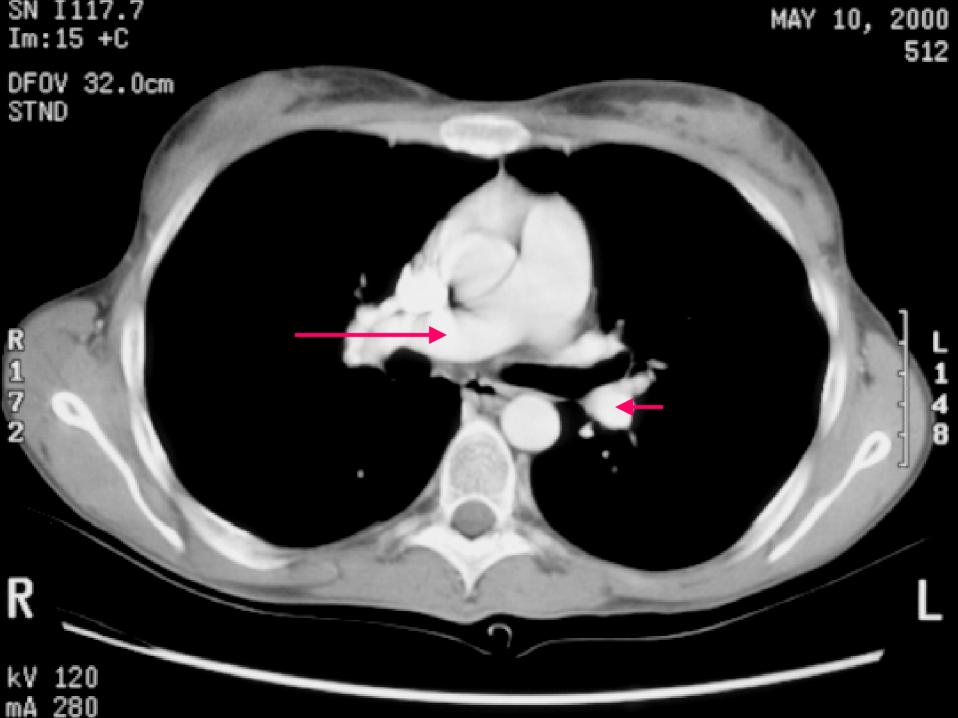


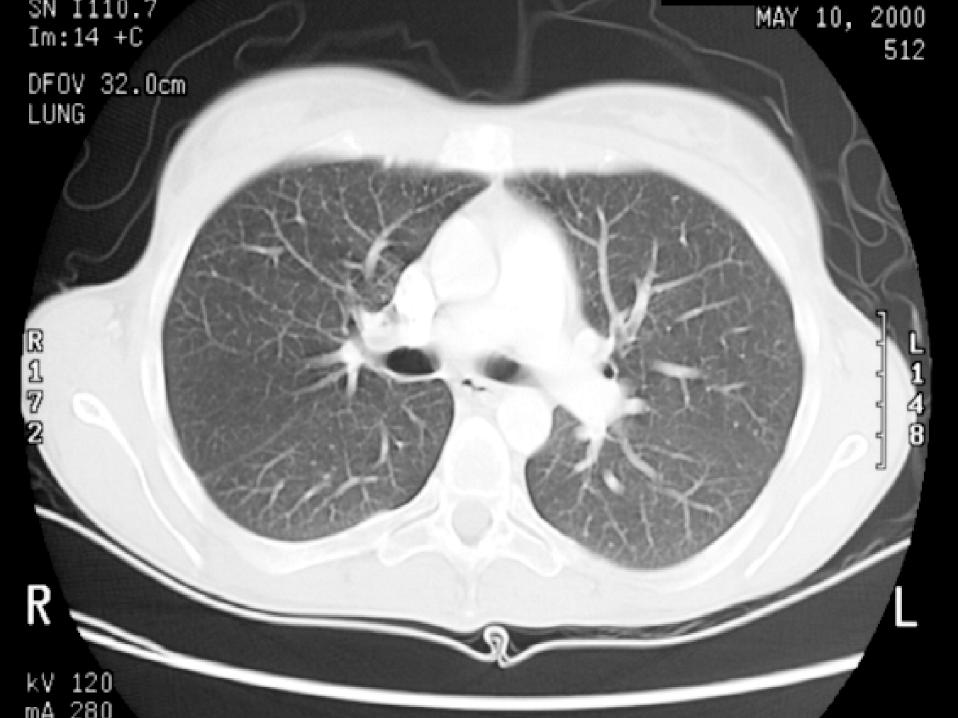










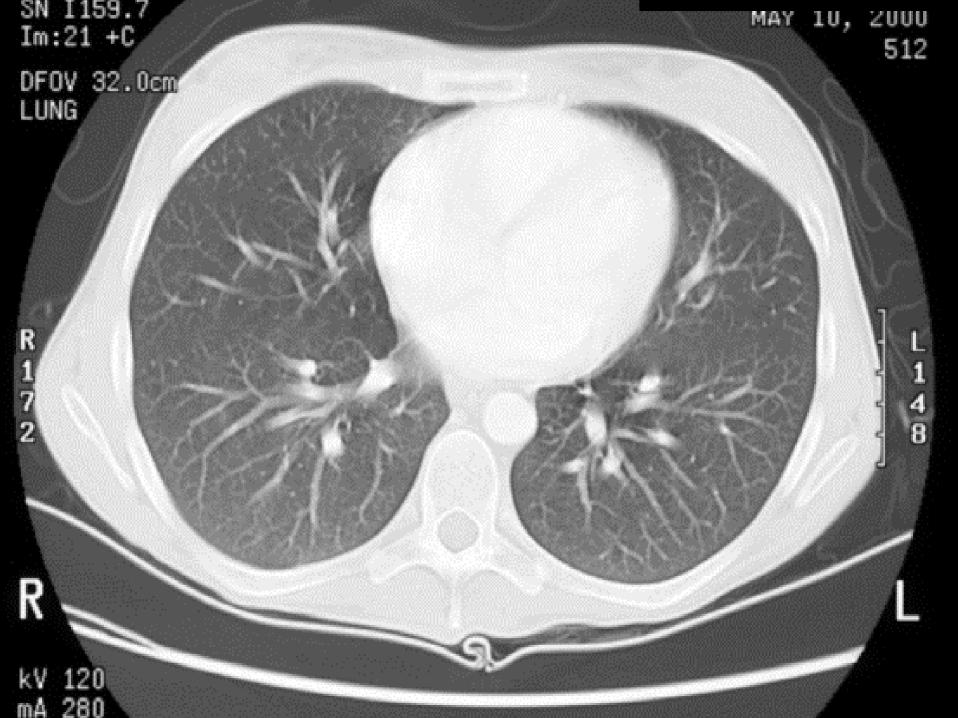


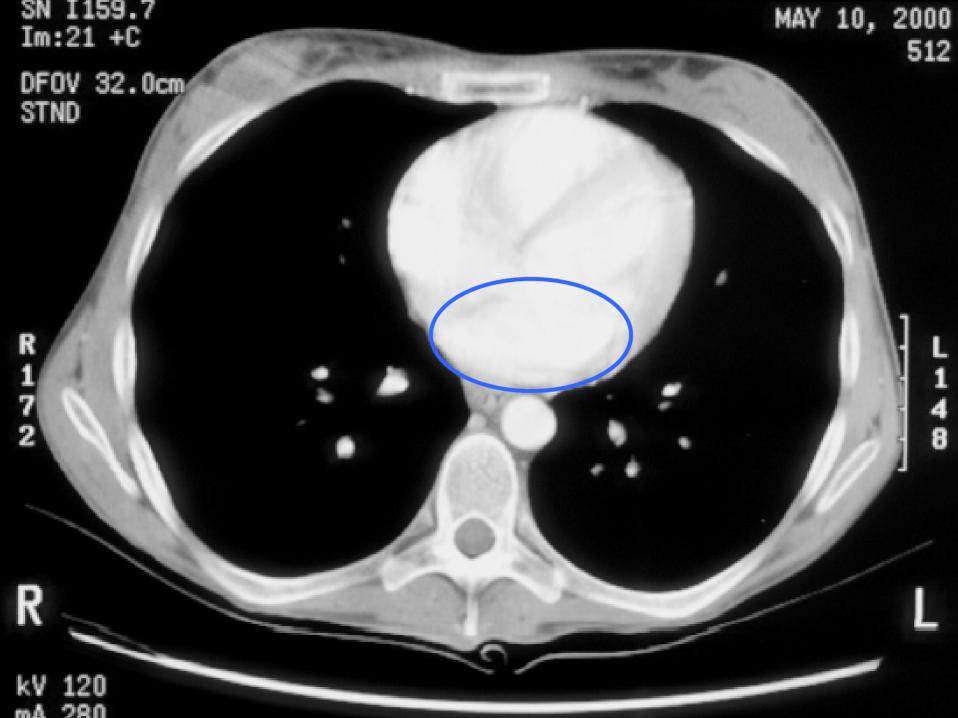


Pulmonary Veins

- Confluence inferior and posterior to origin of arteries
- Empty into left atrium

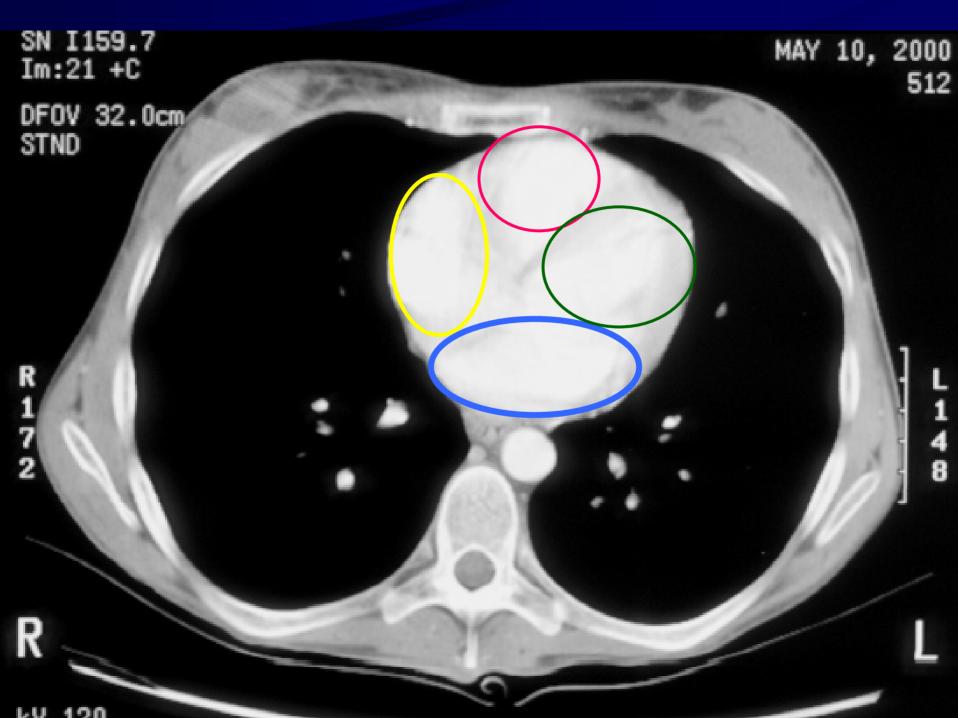


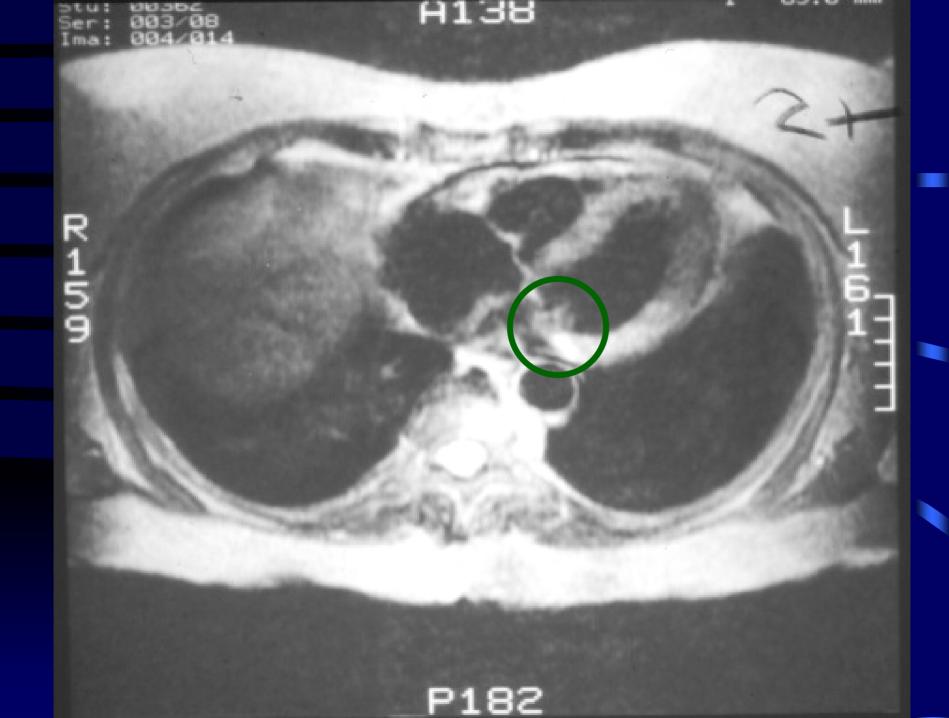


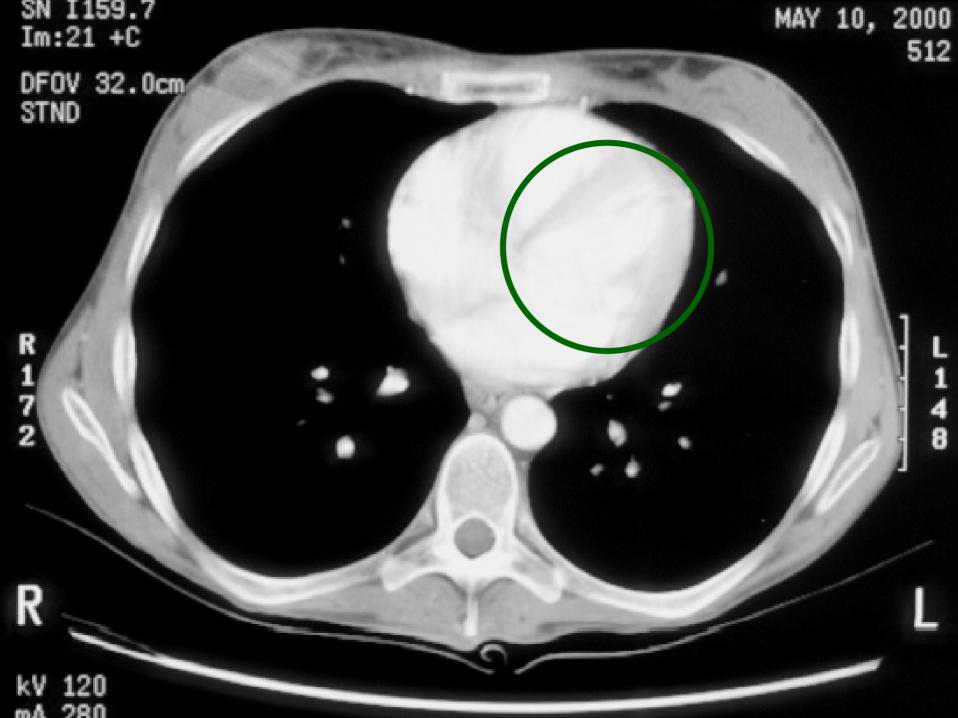


Left Atrium

- Most posterior chamber
- Pulmonary veins enter both sides and top
- Minimal contact with lungs, so not clearly bordered on plain films

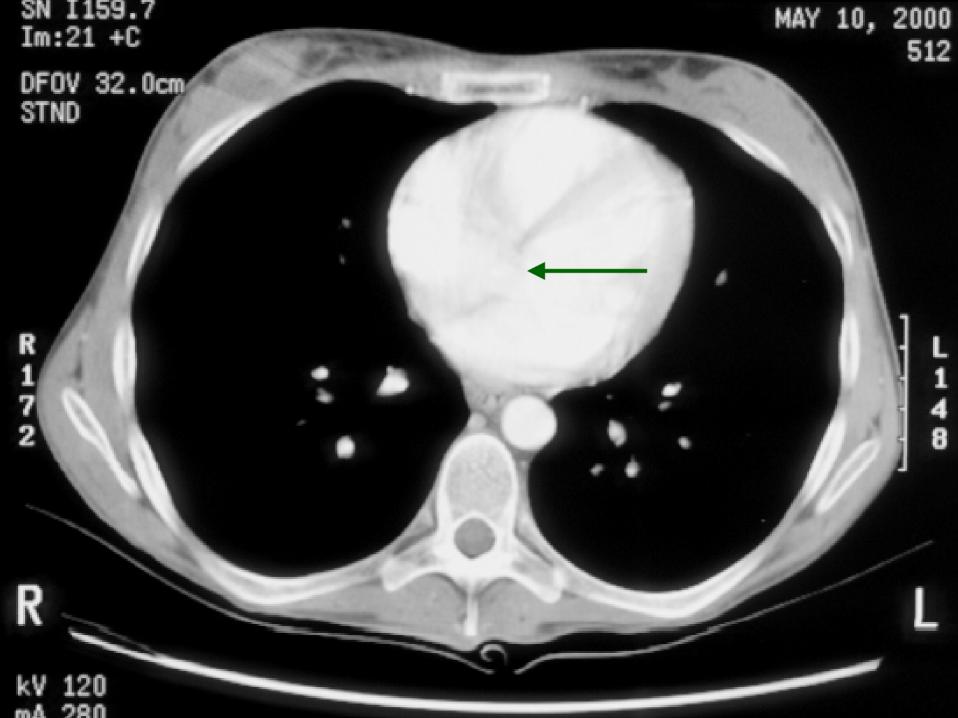


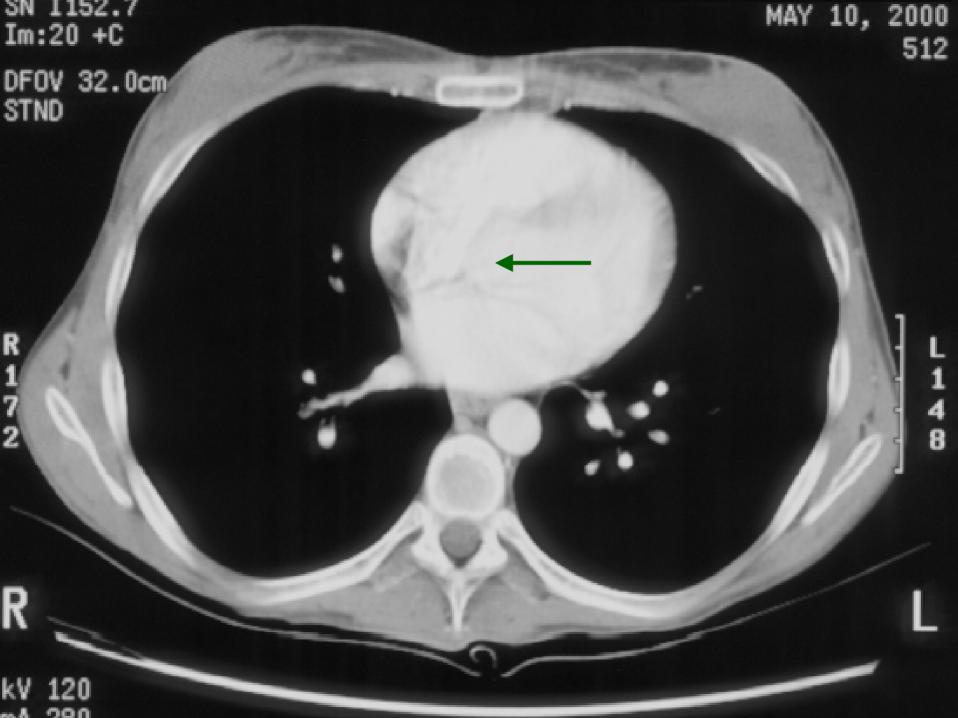


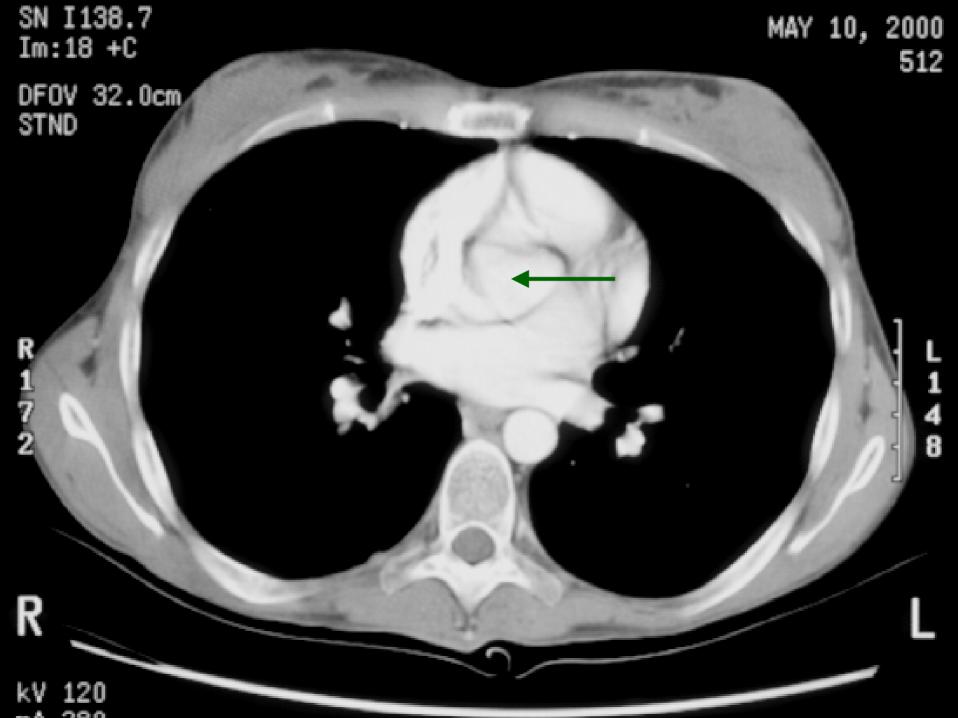


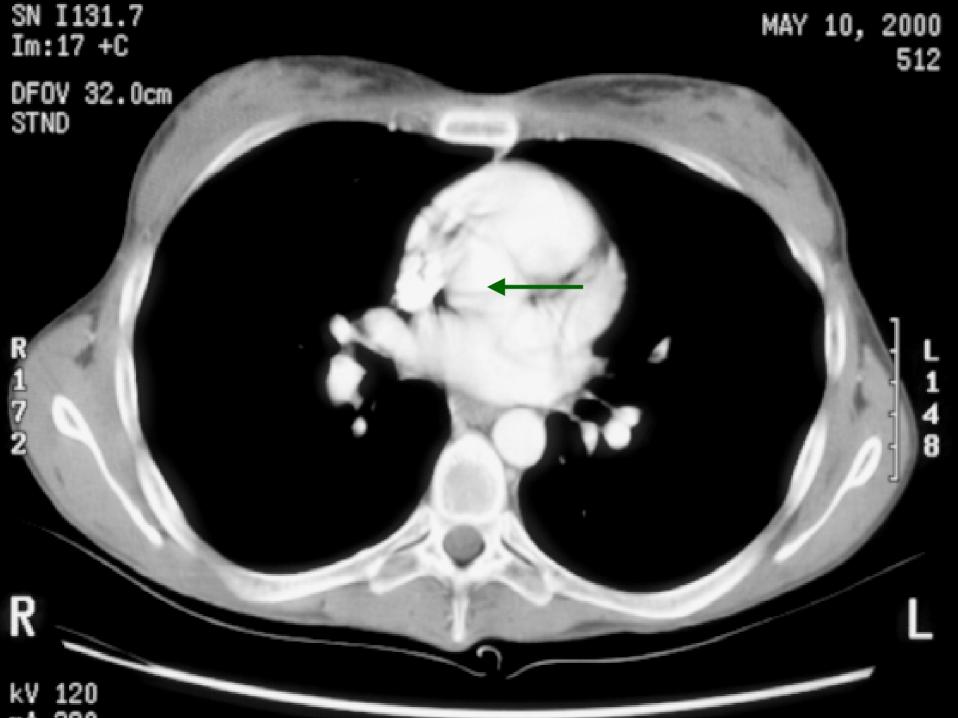
Left Ventricle

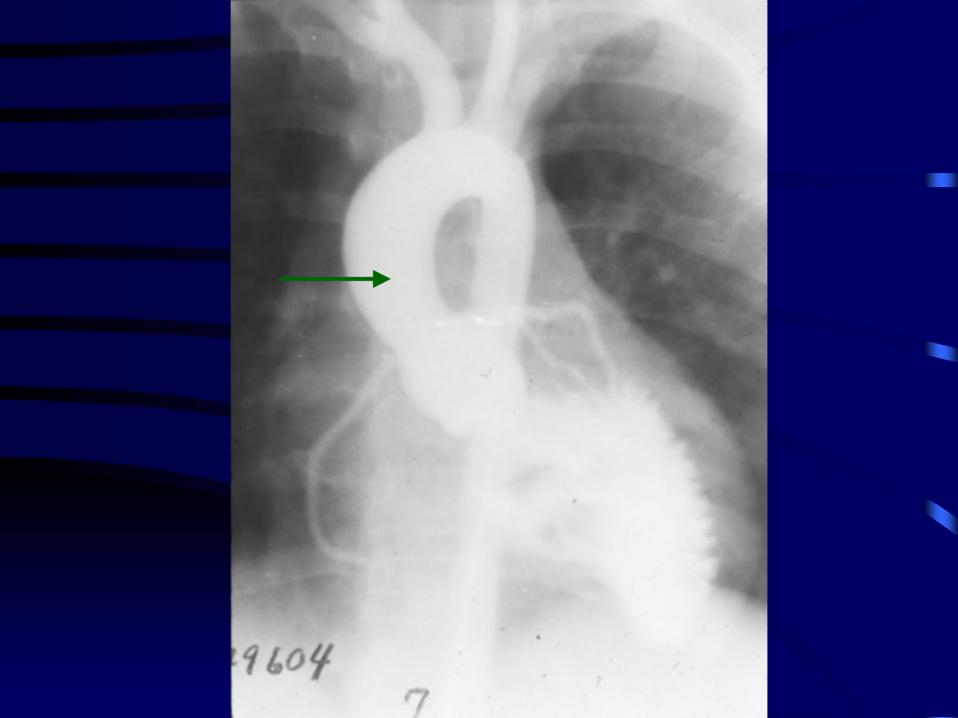
- Entire left heart border
- Aorta emerges from right upper border

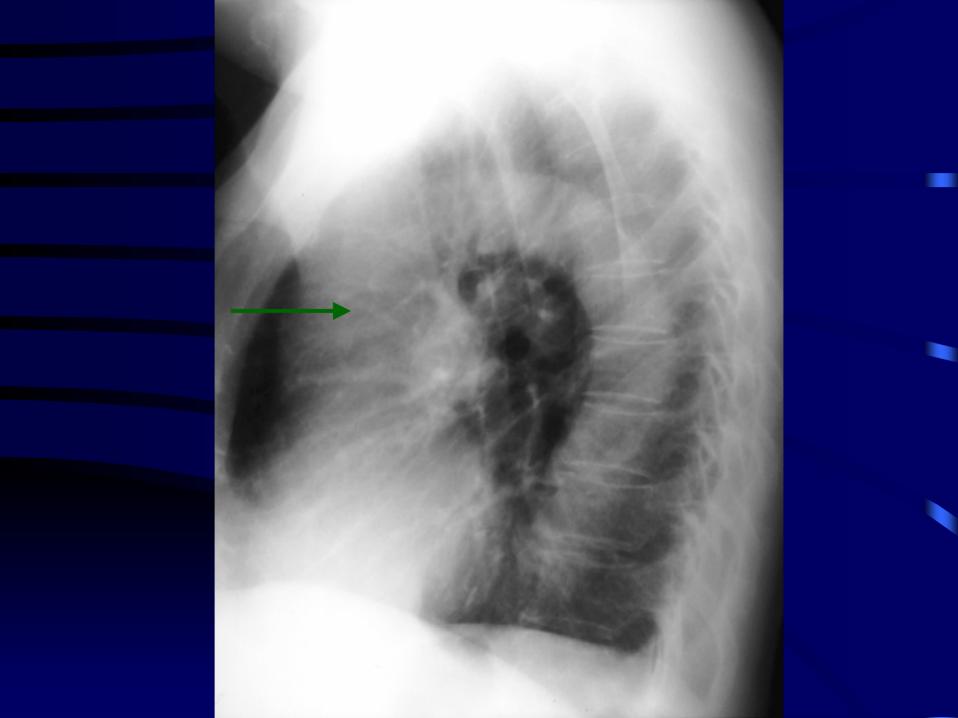


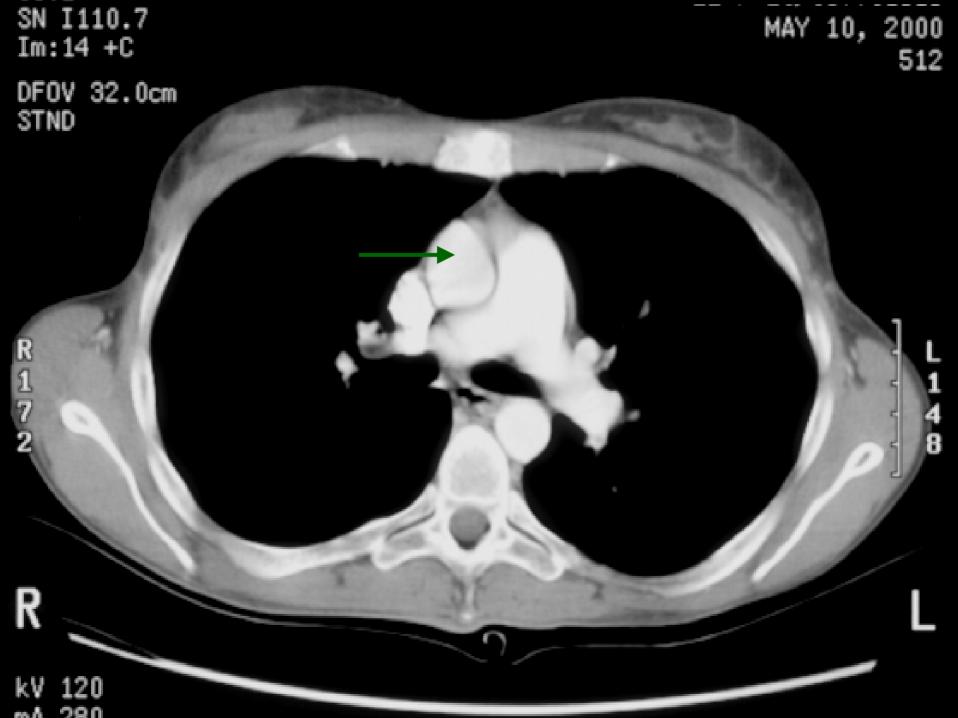


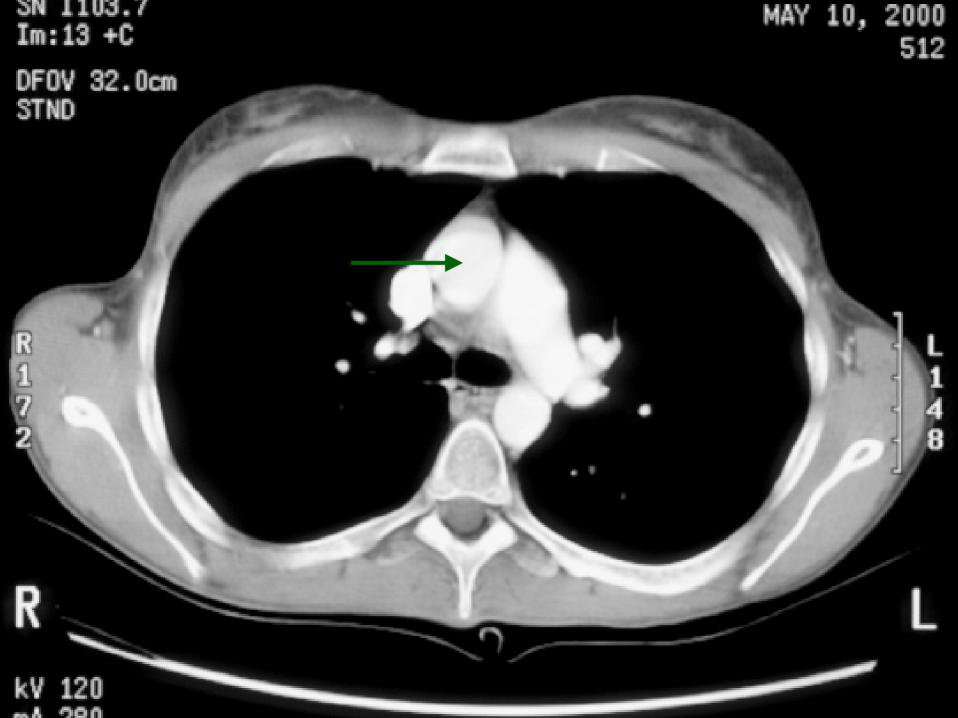








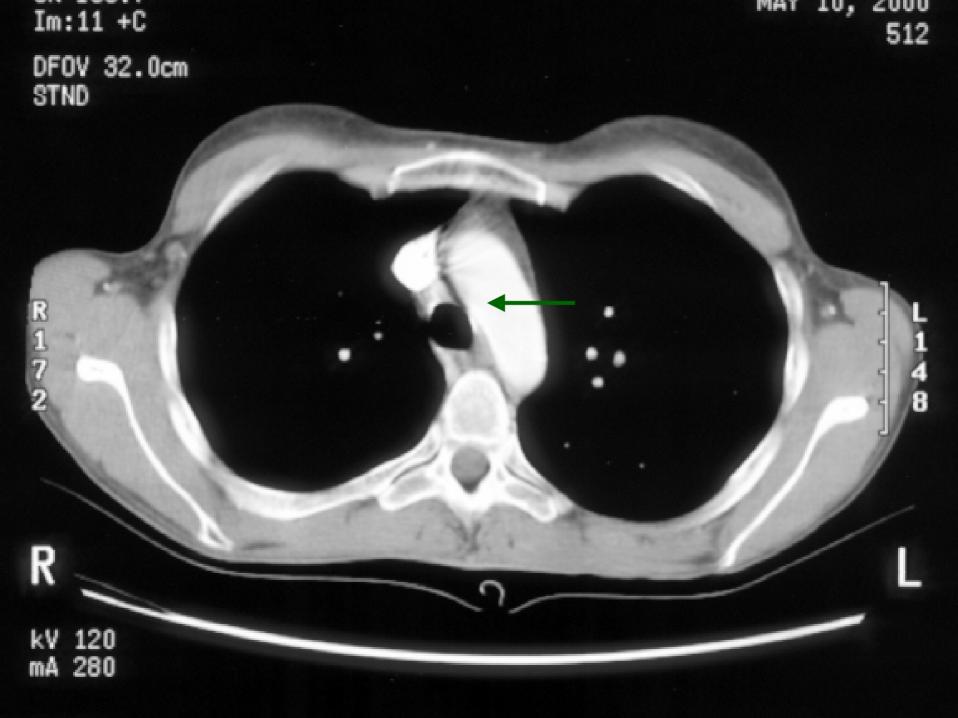




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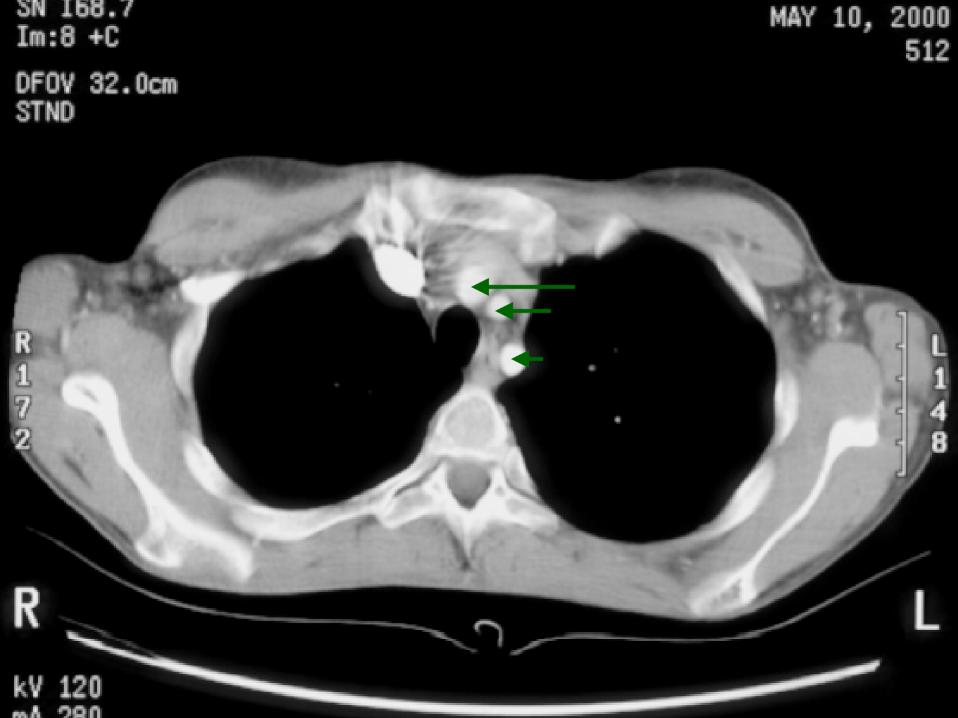


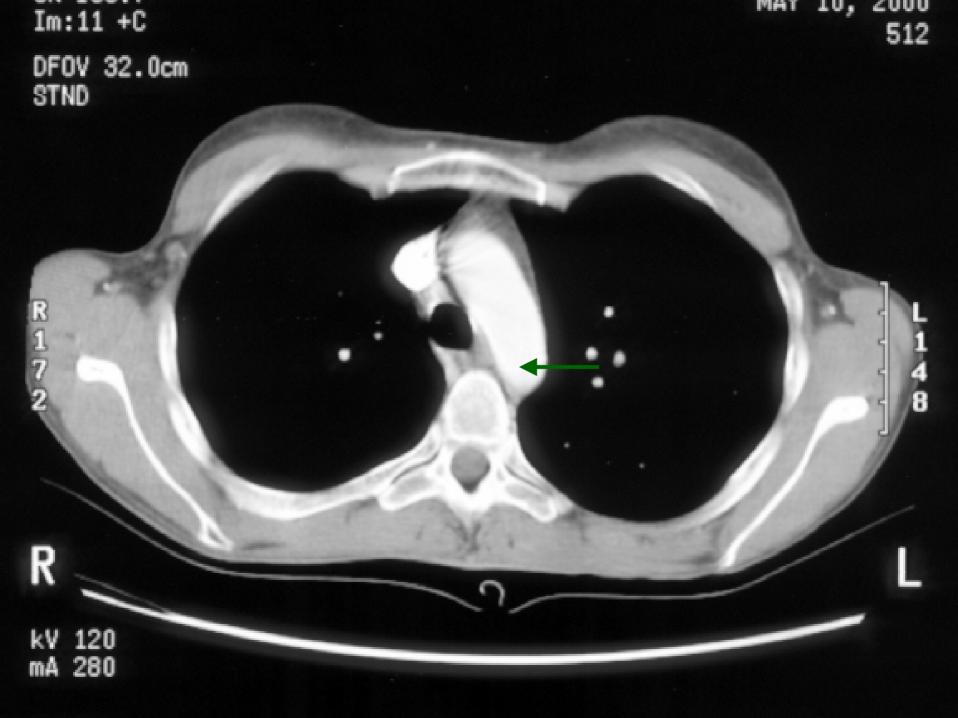


Great Systemic Arteries

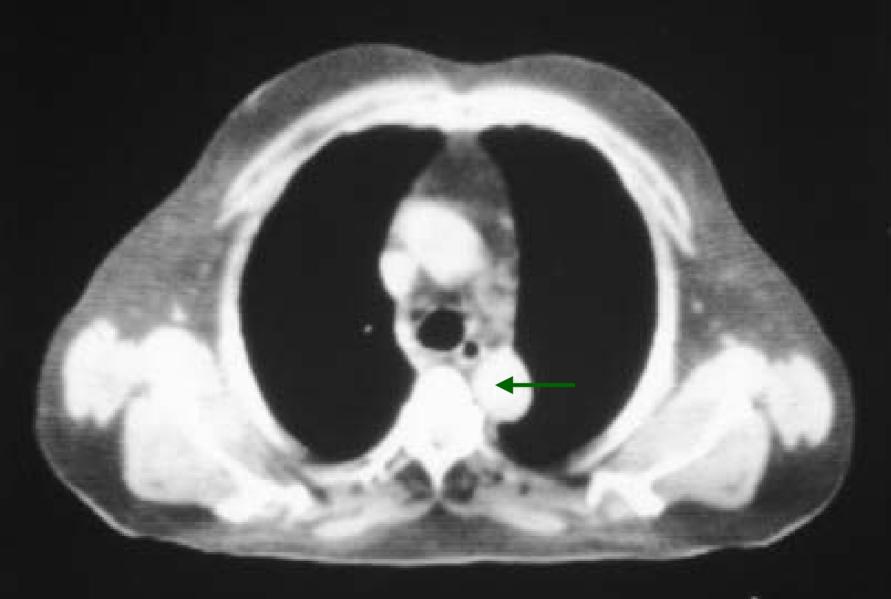
Superior branches of aortic arch

- Brachiocephalic
- Left common carotid
- Left subclavian



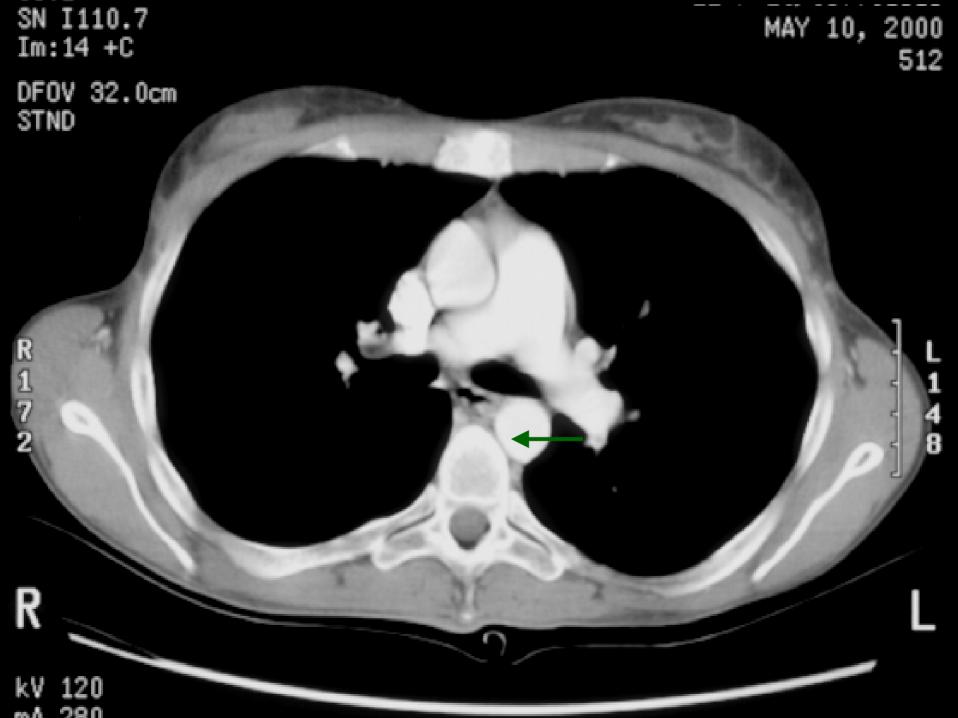


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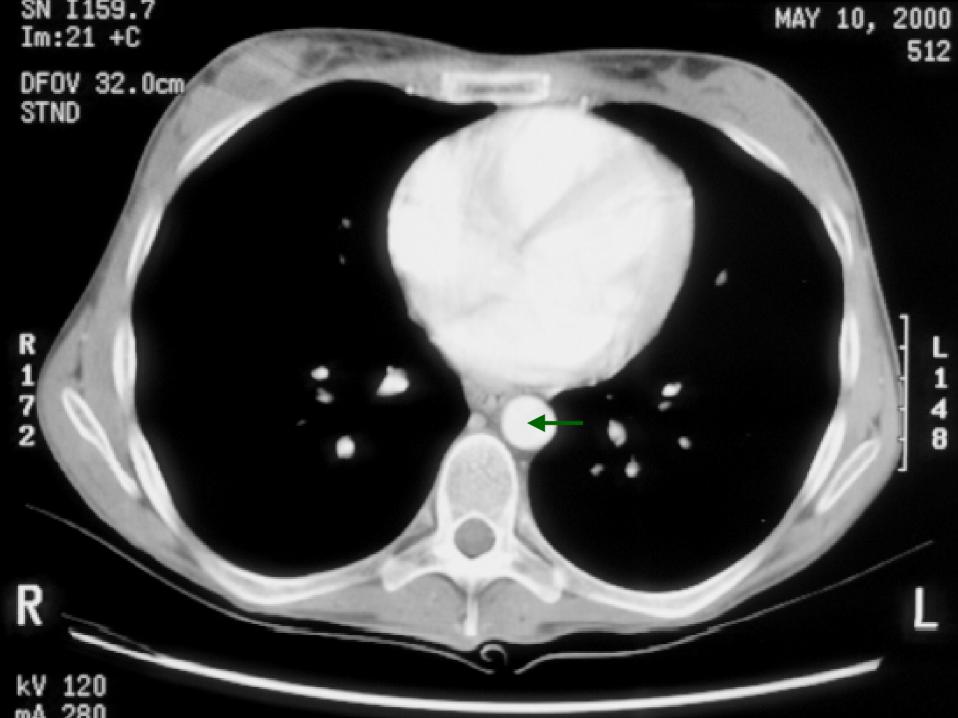


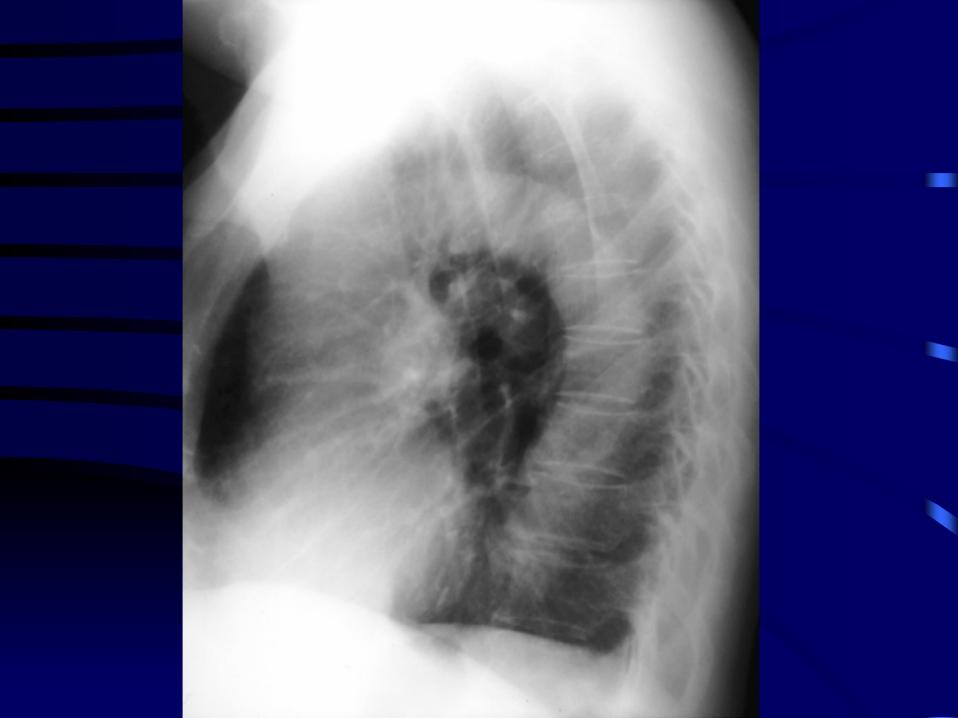
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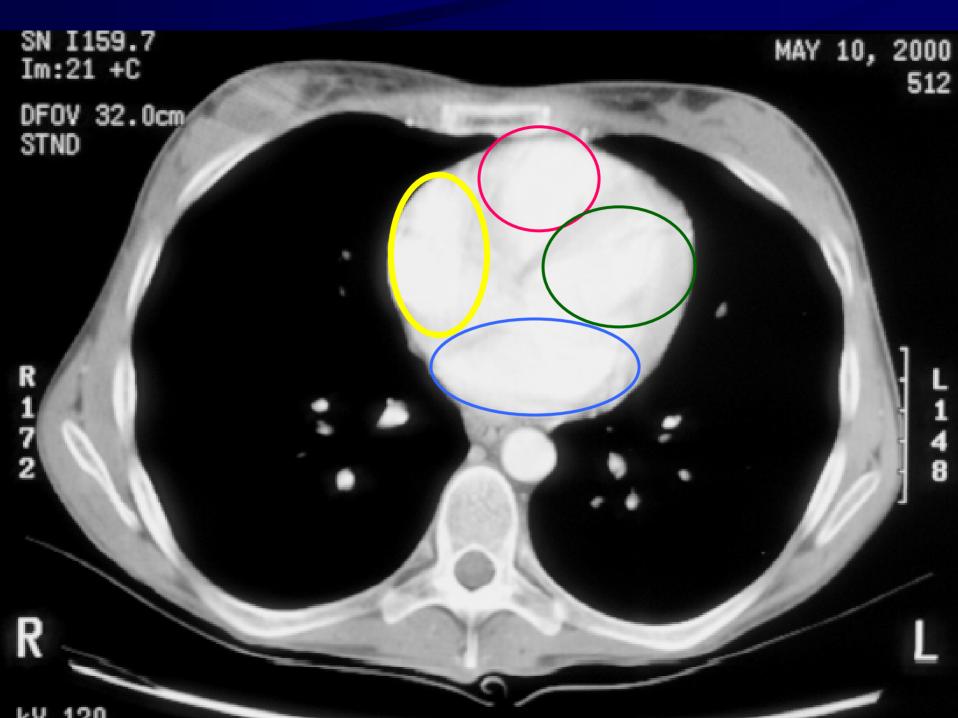




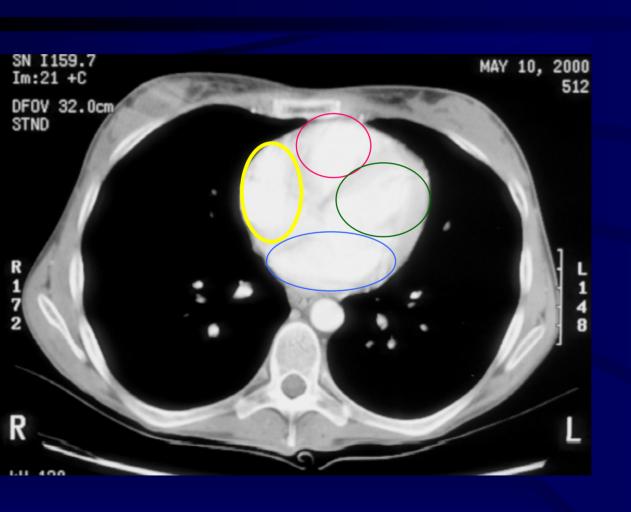








Cardiac Chambers



Blood flow always left and anterior